

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

# ELEANOR ROOSEVELT (CROSS REFERENCE)

**PART 5 OF 14** 

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

### FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS RELEASE

SUBJECT:	Eleanor	Roosevelt	

### CROSS-REFERENCES

PAGES RELEASED:	_ 158
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MOTE:

A search of the indices to our central records system at FBI Headquarters revealed cross-references to your subject. A cross-reference is defined as a mention of your subject in a file on another individual, organization, event, activity or the like. In processing cross-references, the pages considered for possible release include only those pages which mention your subject and any additional pages showing the context in which your subject is mentioned. When such a page also contains information about another subject matter, the information outside the scope of the request is marked with "o/s" in the margin and bracketed. Meneuer possible, the o/s material is released; however, it is withheld if consultation with another government agency would be required or if it is otherwise exempt from disclosure. For your information, the exemptions that apply to the material had it been within the scope of your request has also been moted on the document.

THIS IS ENCLOSURE 5 of 14 ENCLOSURE (S)

February 11, 1954 MEMCRANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD MR. BUSIN MR. WINTERROWD MB. NICHOLS This morning Assistant Attorney General Stanley larges called at my office and personally handed to me the attached political memorandum from his office, directed to the Bureau, and regrepting further investigation of the House Industry. Judge Barnes stated that the reason he was handing the so mus personally was because of its highly confidential nature in that it involved persons of Stipus and international prominence, such as and Mrs. Lienney Roosevelt. Judge Barnes stated that Special Agent And has been working upon this matter and apparently has done a very satisfactory since of work up to date. Is view of the extreme importance of this mader. I would like to have it given special attention, seeing that sufficient personnel are assigned to the same to bring it (p an early .. nolusion but with complete thoroughness. It also should be very carefully sup-retaind by the investigative Division at the Seat of Government. RECUMUED Very trally yours. FYFN. Attachment John Edgar Harver Director JEH:me4

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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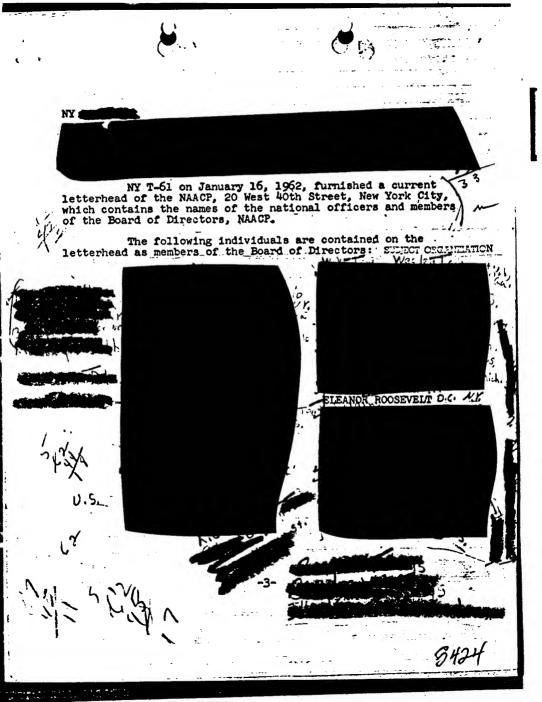
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-2f-

ONAL ASSOCIATION FOL N. JE IMENT OF COLORED P WEST 40TH STREET, NEW YORK 15, N. Y. LONGACRE 3.6890 Official Organ: The Crisis 70100 9th June 1947 Dear Mr. Hoover: On Sunday, June 29th, from 4 to 5 P.M. the President of the United States, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Senator Wayne Morse will speak at the closing meeting of the 38th Annual Conference of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People at the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D. C. A cordial invitation is hereby extended to you to sit on the platform on that occasion. Will you be good enough to let us know if you are able to do so. A special card of admission will be sent you. NATIONAL LEGAL COMMITTEE Sincerely yours Willem F. tille Secretary Mr. J. Edgar Hoovand //3 32 JUL 1 1047 COMMUNICATIONS! SECTION MAILED FX-22 JUN 24 1827. LE MENT DE COLONIA II. E. DEPARTY THE TOP OF TOWN



Dear Sir:-

It is so funtastic, I would like to know if it is a subversive organization; on another sheet is a so called partial list of the Communist-Front affiliations. Quote:

Eleanor Roosevelt (56 incidents) 2,3,4,5,15,18,20,21,22.

Selected List of Communist "Fronts" as defined in "Guide to Subversive Organizations & Publications" (House Document 226, 85th Congress). REC 34

1. American Com. for Democracy & Intellual Frend THROORDED
2. American Com for protection of Foreign Borgs MAR 7 1960

TRUE COPY

#### TRUE COPY

- 3. American League for Peace & Democracy (League Against War & Fascism.)
- 4. American Youth Congress

5. China Aid Council.

6. Citizens Committee to free Earl Browder

7. Civil Rights Congress.

8. Committe for Peaceful Alternatives to the Alantic Pact.

Emergency Civil Liberties Committee.
 Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committe.

Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committe.
 Mid-Century Conference for Peace.

12. National Com. to Repeal the McCarran Act.

13. National Com. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, etc.

14. National Com. to Win the Peace.

- National Council of American-Soviet Friendship etc.
   National Counsil of the Arts, Sciences & Professions.
- 17. National Lawyers' Guild.

National Negro Congress.
 New Masses.

"New Masses."
 "Protestant" (Protestant Digest")

21. Southern Conference Educational Fund (Southern Conference for Human Welfare).

22. "Soviet Russia Today" ("New World Review")

23, Spanish Refugee Appeal.
24. Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade.

Quote: "An organization known a Modern Community Developers is attempting to set up a racially-intergrated subdivision in Deerfield. The founder of MCD was Kivie Keplen, a director of the National Assistant Advancement of the Colored People. The advisory Com of MCD includes the following directors of the NAACP or members of the NAACP fund raising "Com, of 100": Albert Sprague Cooledge, Morton crossman, William Cheide, Max Delson, Jackie Jobison, and Eleanor Prosevelt Unquote.

"(Adapted from the record of a public hearing of the Florida Legislation, Investigation Committe, Feb. 10, 1958," Unquote.

The enclosed was sent to my son & he gave it to me, I told him I would get in touch with you.

To me the pamphlet enclosed & the rest, surely is from a very subversive group. It was a puzzle to my son as well as myself. I sent for 4 extra copies, it came from Box 365, Park Ridge, Ill. initialed (N.R.S.) initials, but the envelope came from Pittsbugh, Pa. - The copy to my son came from Evanston, Ill.

Please let me know what it is all about from what group of propagandists.

Sincerely.

TRUE COTY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF MYES MATION

DESCRIPATION AT NEW YORK PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5/10-13,14,17 1 9 1954 NEW YORK 21,24,25,27,28; 6/1-11,15-29; CHARACTER OF CAME COMMUNIST INFILTRATION 7/12-15/54 NATIONAL OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OR COLORED PROPLE SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) incorporated under NYS Membership Laws, 6/19/11. Stated aims, objectives, history and officers set forth. Informant reports NAACP operates approximately 1000 branches throughout 40 of the 48 states. Reported a total membership of about 200,000. NAACP leaders denounce Communism and reveal awareness of the CP to infiltrate and "Push" CP line. Sample of CP directive concerning activity in NAACP set forth reverling objectives, methods, and means to recruit CP members into NAACP. Contents of article "The NAACP Convention" in November 1953 issue of "Political Affairs" set forth. Reliable informent reports that a standard CP directive is in effect at present time which is being vigorously pursued by CP members to join and infiltrate NAACP. Instant organization considered by the CP as a "Prime Organization" and an "Umbrella to get out of the rain". Indications of CP to infiltrate and dominate the NAACP Branches throughout the United States and its territories set forth. DATE FORW.

APPROVED AND SPECIAL AGENT DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES

OOPLES OF THIS REPORT

6 - Bureau (RM)

3 - New York

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BA

Board of Directors U.H.H.C. K.

ELE. FOR ROOSEVELT; Jamaica, N.Y., Konses City, Mo.,

769

January 15, 1 PERSONAL Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C. -Dear the attached papers carry records indicating Communist affiliation of 134 individuals whose names appear on the current national letterhead of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the current national 1: Interhead of The Committee of 100 In Support of the N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defens. and Educational Pund, Inc. 46 of these individuals have separate incidents of Communist affiliation con: es with their names 15 or more times each, ranging up to a foral of 108 separate a filiations on the part of The individuals whose names appear on the national letterhead of the NAACP ani/ : The Committee of 100, have a grand total of 2194 affiliations as described about You will notice the sheet labeled "15 Or More Incidents Each" carries a recofessional, or employment, or similar identification, indicating 20 of these 46 are clergymen; 6 are identified as attorneys; one as a chief justice of a state supreme court; 9 are educators. 3 of the 9 educators are also identified as clergymen. 4 clergymen have a title of bishop. The other categories are self apparent. Many experts in the field, of Communism, as well as experts in the security in westigating agencies of federal and state governments, will observe this as one of the most shocking and alarming compilations made in connection with any one organization which does not qualify under the technical requirements necessor to Cesignate the NAACP as a Communist front. This is an original research project The attached report consists of 280\* pages. report never compiled heretofore. Parts of this report were to leted in Cember 1957 and other parts during January 1958. Cordially yours. page synopsis of 20 Sputniks for '79 pages NAACP'leaders' The state of the s

### Southern Conference for Human Welfare

The first big penetration of the Communist Party into the South came with the launching of the Southern Conference for Euman Welfare in Hovember 1938. The launching took place in Birmingham, Alabama, with the blessings of the White House. Eleanor Rossevelt was the principal speaker.

On November 22, 1938, Mrs. Roosevelt, addressing the conference, said; "The eyes of the world are upon us... The future of democracy rests with the nation's youth. Face the question with open minds and above all make sure a thing is true before accepting it as true. On this alone can we stake our hopes for democracy." (Report of Proceedings of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, p.29)

25

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- (1) All-Harlem Youth Conference -- sent greetings -- Daily Worker, May 12, 1938 List of Communist Attitudence of
- (2) American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born == 410 JE sponsor -- Daily Worker, October 21, 1941, page 4
- (3) American Committee for Protection of Poreign Born -- sponsor of dinner -- program, October 26, 1946
- (4) American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born -- signer of open letter -- folder, 1947
- (5) American Committee for Spanish Freedom -- sent message to -- Daily Worker, November 23, 1945, page 8
- (6) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- made cash contribution to -- Headlines of ACYR, July 1945, page 1
- (7) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- accepts honorary chairmanship -- Daily Worker, December 21, 1945, page 3
- (6) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- honorary chairman -- letterhead, July 23, 1948
- (9) American Communications Association -- speaker at annual convention -- Baltimore Evening Sun, April 16, 1940, page 8
- (10) American Federation of Teachers, Local #5 -- received annual award -- Daily Worker, April 23, 1939
- (11) American League for Peace and Democracy -- sent donation to China Aid Council -- Daily Worker, March 21, 1938
- (12) American Relief for Greek Democracy -- honorary chairman -- letterhead, November 19, 1946
- (13) American Student Union -- entertained leader, Joseph P. Lash, at White House, November 30, 1939 -- <u>Times-Herald</u>, December 1, 1939
- (14) American Youth Congress -- sent letter of greetings to server Milwaukee -- official program, July 2-5, 1937
- (15) American Youth Congress -- speaker at City College -- Daily Worker, January 29, 1938
- (16) American Youth Congress -- speaker at New York dinner -- Evening Star, March 1, 1939
- (17) American Youth Congress -- speaker, New York -- program, July 9, 1939

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- (18) American Youth Congress -- defender of AYC before Council of Southern Women -- Evening Star, January 26, 1940, page 4
- (19) American Youth Congress -- invited Congressmen to White House to meet AYC leaders -- Washington Post, February 7, 1940, pages 1, 7
- (20) American Youth Congress -- speaker, Monday Evening Club -- program, February 13, 1940
- (21) American Youth Congress -- speaker, Chicago -- program, April 13, 1940
- (22) American Youth Congress -- defended -- Liberty, April 20, 1940
  - (23) China Aid Council -- sponsor -- undated folder
- (24) Christmas Amnesty Plea for Communists Convicted Under the Smith Act -- signer of petition to President Eisenhower urging commutation of sentences and postponement of trials --New York Times, December 21, 1955, page 20
- (25) Daughters of the American Depression -- sponsor -- New York  $\underline{Times}$ , May 13, 1940
- (26) End Jim Crow in Baseball Committee -- sponsor -- news release, July 30, 1945
- (27) Foster Parents Plan for Spanish Children -- supporter -- <u>Direction</u>, October 1939
- . (28) Indusco -- member of advisory board -- letterhead, April 1951
- (29) Jewish Black Book Committee -- sponsor -- undated pamphlet
- (30) League of Women Shoppers -- speaker, New York -- Daily Worker, December 9, 1936
- (31) Metropolitan Music School -- advisory council member -- catalog, 1953-54; 1954-55
- (32) Notion Picture Artists Committee -- sent donation -- <u>Paily Worker</u>, March 21, 1938
- (33) National Citizens Emergency Relief Committee to Aid Strikers Psmilies -- member of national board -- Worker, March 17, 1946, page 5

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- (34) National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax -- sponsor -- letterhead, March 8, 1946
- (35) National Conference on the German Problem -- sponsor -- official release, March 6, 1947
- (36) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- sent greetings -- Worker, November 19, 1944, page 2
- (37) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- sent greetings to rally -- <u>Daily Worker</u>, November 15, 1945, page 3
- (38) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Committee of Women -- sent greetings to Soviet women on International Women's Day -- Daily Worker, March 4, 1946, page 8
- (39) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- member of Committee of Women -- press release, March 13, 1947
- (40) National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights -- endorser of statement -- folder, 1940
- (41) National Negro Congress -- speaker at Philadelphia gathering -- Daily Worker, February 12, 1938
- (42) National Right-to-Work Congress -- speaker -- program, June 3, 1939
- (43) People's Front for Peace -- sent greetings -- Daily Worker, August 30, 1937, page 2
- (hh) Protestant Digest -- writer of statement -- letterhead, December 27, 1939
- (45) Russian War Relief -- sent telegram of greeting -- Soviet Russia Today, December 1941, page 20
- (46) Southern Conference Educational Fund -- signer of letter protesting Congressional hearings on SCEF -- letter, June 10, 1954
- (47) Southern Conference for Human Welfare -- speaker -- program, November 20-23, 1938
- (48) Southern Conference for Ruman Welfare -- speaker at convention in Chattanooga -- program, April 16, 1940
- (49) Southern Conference for Ruman Welfare -- consultant -- official report, 1962
- (50) Southern Negro Youth Congress -- speaker -- April 28,

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- (51) Soviet Russia Today -- contributor -- Soviet Russia Today, June 1942, page 6
- (52) United American Spanish Aid Committee -- supporter Appendix IX, page 1608
- (53) United States Arrangements Committee, World Youth Conference -- honorary patron -- letterhead, July 1945
- (54) United Student Peace Committee -- endorser of "peace strike" -- Daily Worker, April 20, 1939
- (55) Workers Alliance -- speaker at convention, Washington, D. C. -- New York Sun, June 7, 1939, page 1
- (56) World Youth Congress -- speaker at opening session --Vassar College, August 16, 1938



**ABOUT** 



AN ADDRESS BY

OF GEORGIA

BEFORE THE

55th ANNUAL CONVENTION PEACE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

The state of the s

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ASSOCIATION OF CITIZENS' COUNCILS OF MISSISSIPPI Greenwood, Mississippi

WHEN YOU FINISH READING THIS SS IT ON TO SOMEONE ELSE.

posed legislation to outlaw the Communist Party held before the House Un-American Activities Committee on May 3, 1950. Although he stoutly denied being a Communist, he was quoted as saying that such a question was "unfair" because itca "immediately precludes from appearing before this Committee many of the people who would be on "trial under a bill of this kind." The transcript further quoted him as saying that: "Presumably there are people who may, for sincere and personal reasons, wish to be members of the Communist Party. They may want to come here and object to this bill, but, I suppose, if they had to answer that question, they very likely would not come."

• Director of Public Relations Henry Lee Moon,

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the Association's propaganda chief, is listed as a member of the "subversive and Communist" Washington Book Shop and the likewise-designated National Negro Congress which is "the Communistional movement in the United States among negroes." His book, "Balance of Power: The Negro Vote," was praised by the Daily Worker and he was listed in 1949 as a nomince to be commentator for the "subversive and Communist" Voice of Freedom Committee.

Of the NAACP's 28 Vice Presidents, the following 11 have records of Un-American activities:

John Haynes Nolmes, 23 citations; A. Philip Randolph, 20 citations; the late Mary McLood Bethune (who still is listed as a vice president) and William Lloyd mes, 16 citations each; Oscar Hammerstein, 11, the composer, and Bishop W. I. Walls, seven citations each; Ira W. Jayne and L. Pearl Mitchell, two citations each; and Willard S. Townsend, T. G. Lutter and Grace B. enderson, one citation each.

Of the 47 members comprising the Association's Board of Directors, the following 28 have records of the UnaAmerican activities:

Earl B Dickerson, 25 citations; Algernon B.

Black, 18 chations; Lewis Gannett, Scriptions; Rosco Dunjee, 13 citations; S. Ralph Harlow and Chairman Channing H. Tobias, 10 citation each William H. Mastie, nine citations; Hubert T. Detancy, eight citations; Benjamin E. Wayl, president of Atlanta's Morehouse College, six that ons; Roeert G. Weaver, five citations; Buell G. Gattingher, four citations; President Arthur B. Spingarn, Earl

Ettl G. Harrison, James J. McClendon, Ralph Buythe, Allen Knight Chalmers and W. Montague Cobb, three citations each; J. M. Jinsty, Wesley W. Law of Savannah, Ga., Norman Jousins, Z. Alexander Looby, Harry J. Greene and Alfred Baker Lewis, two citations each; and H. Claude Hudson, Carl R. Johnson, A. Maceo Smith, James Minton and Theodore M. Derry, one citation each.

Two other Vice Presidents and three other Directors are well-known apologists for left-wing causes. The two Vice Presidents are Senator Wayn Morse of Oregon and Ericttoniston of the Motion Picture Industry. The three Directors are Mrs. Eleanor Deosevelt, CIO President Walter Pouther and Senator Herbert H. Ehman of New York.

Other officers of the NAACP with Un-American activity records are:

Lloyd Garrison, chairman, National Legal Committee, five citations; Treasurer Allan Knight Chalmers and Branch Department Director Gloster B. Current, three citations each; Southeast Regional Secretary Ruby Hurley, West Coast Regional Secretary Franklin H. Williams, Field Secretary Madison S. Southeast Special Counsel Robert L. Carter, two citations each; and Field Secretary Targa Hall Pittman, one citation.

But of all the NAACP officials and policy-makers listed in the files of the House Un-American Activities Committee, none has a record as notorious as that of W. E. B. DuBois to whom I have previously referred as one of the founders and present "Honorary Chairman" of the Association. No less than 72 citations of Communist, Communist-front and subversive activity are entered against his name—the latest of which was the statement he issued upon the death of Joseph Stalin reading: "Let all negroes, Jews and foreign-born who have suffered in America from prejudice and intolerance, remember Joseph Stalin."

Yet this same W. E. B. DuBois was one of the "modern scientific authorities" whose writings were accepted by the United States Supreme Court as the basis for its decision of May 17, 1954, prohibiting segregation in the public schools. DuBois contributed to 82 different portions of the book, "An American Dilemma," which was cited in its

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## Reds Scrap Negro Front, Turn Sights On Another Group'

### NAACP on Guard As National Negro Congress is Buried

By FREDERICK WOLTMAN, World-Telegram Staff Writer.

The Communist party has de eded to strap one of its pet fronts, the National Nerro Congress, and concentrate on infligation the National Ass. for the National Ass. country's foremost non-Negro organizations, with 150 branches and 580,000 members.

secret decision to liquidate it year-old front among the Negroes and try to capture branches of the NAACP was reached last summer by the Communists' top national committee, according to this week's issue of Counterattack newsletter on Communism.

The first step came to light in obscure announcement from chicago last week, following a conference of the Civil Rights Congress, legal defense arm of the Communist party. The latter and the Communist party. nounced simply that the National Negro Congress would shortly

of the NAACP, meanwhile, the World-Telegram today the Communist party already tried to inflitrate eight of

We cracked down quickly," Mr. "and will continue to watchful.

It has long been Moscow's tacto direct its Jocal Communist arties to concentrate on persons host exploited. This is nothing new to us. But we won't let any political party to come in and policy or use ACP for its own purposes

"Undoubtedly" he added, "it was originally the plan of the Na-tional Negro Congress to step in

The proposed "merger" is only-cover-up for liquication so the Communists running the so-called Negro Congress can move in on the NAACP, says Counterstiack, which is published at 55 W. 42nd St., by a group of former FBI agents who are specialists on

The party has ordered them to

auditions in Town Hall lest Sep-tember to pick six unknown Ne-gro musical artists. Three con certs were arranged for them are similar auditions were announce for 1948 with preliminary try-our in key cities throughout the as

effect, meanwhile; and a Communist front is about Directors o

Inconspicuous Drive.

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The National Megro Congress The National Assn. for the

Internal Security ECORDED

記事の代表 安全を受けるのできるとのなる。 - 1000年の大きなないのでは、1000年の日本のでは、

### Marshall Plan for NAACP

THE MARSHALL PLAN and the atom bomb politics of Truman and Dewey are now visiting civil was upon the largest Negro rights organization in the country—the National Association for Advancement of Colored Peoples.

Last Monday afternoon Dr. W. E. D. Desois, NAACP

director of research, was fired by the Association's board for having questioned the objectives of America's foreign policy as administered by the Truman-Dewey coalition.

The excuse given by the board for ousting Dr. Du-

The excuse given by the board for ousting Dr. Du-Bois, a founder of the association, is that he made his complaint public before it came officially before it.

Dr. DuBois' memo on foreign policy had condemned the bipartisan foreign policy as being against the colonial people and opposed to UN civil rights' action. He charged Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt had announced she would resign her UN post if any other nation brought up the civil rights issue.

Under such conditions he opposed having Walter White, Association secretary, represent the NAACP as consultant for the American delegation.

White, himself, has been active on the political front in his Herald-Tribune column, having attacked the candidacy of Henry Kallace twice there recently. He salled for Paris with the American UN delegation the same afternoon Dr. DuBois was fired.

The issue seems pretty clear: A Marshall Plan imperialist foreign policy against a policyy of anti-imperialism and colonial freedom.

Dr. DuBois, an outstanding and revered leader of the Negro people, has been ousted by the organization which he helped found because he insists that the organization remain in the fight for freedom. As a supporter of Henry Wallace, he sought in politics the program which most closely approached the NAACP program against

Jimcrow and imperialism.

Arthur Spingarn, Association board chairman, after voting to fire Dr. DuBois, said of him: "He is one of the greatest leaders of his race and will be long remembered gratefully by all who value freedom."

Did the leaders of the NAACP, in kicking Dr. DuBois,

out, turn their backs on the fight for freedom?

That is the question which they will now have to answer to the members and friends of the organization.

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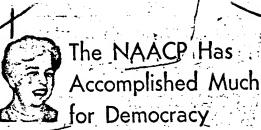
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ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Sunday-From July 12 to 17 in Los Angeles the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will hold its annual conference and celebrate its 40th an-

niversary.

The closing session will be a memorable one because the anmedal will be made by Madame Pandit of India to Dr. Palph J. Bunche.

I hope that on this anniversary many people will review the work of this organization since its beginning in 1909. This group has worked under the American Constitutional system and within the framework of the Constitution and has accomplished much for real democracy.

Not many people will remem-ber the beginnings of this organiber the beginnings of this organization. In 1908 the country had been shocked by stories of race riots in Springfield, III. For two days mobs, among them many of the town's "best citizens," went wild and killed and wounded scores of Negroes and drove thou-sands from the city. The accounts in the newspapers stirred up a great deal of feeling in the North, and brought about a meeting in 1909 in New York City, with Wil-liam English Walling, Mary White Ovington and Dr. Henry Moskow-512, among others, participating.

AT that first meeting it was de-eided to call together a national conference on the Negro duestion and the group turned to describe the New York Eve-sing Post, who drafted the call to the meeting which was to be held

on Lincoln's birthday. Many fine : people accepted this invitation, and Dr. W. E. B. Du Bols was called from Atlanta University to an executive position in the new organization. In 1910 there appeared the first number of the "Crisis," the magazine of the association.

Perhaps the most vital accomplishments over the years are in the legal area of the work, carrying cases to the Supreme Court, often successfully.

THINK the creed that expressed the spirit at the foundation of the organization is still the one by which its members live today. This creed is found in James Russel Lowell's verses, written 70 years ago. ...

"Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide, In the strife of truth with false-hood, for the good or evil

Then to side with truth is noble when we share her wretched crust,

Ere her cause bring fame and profit, and 'tis prosperous to be just;

Then it is the brave man chooses, while the coward stands aside, Doubting in his abject spirit, till, his Lord is crucified,

And the multitude makes virtue of the faith they had denied.

Walter White has been the executive secretary for a long-time.

and he is now taking a well-! earned year of rest, so Roy Wil-, kins, who has been the assistant secretary and editor of the "Crisis," which is still the monthly magazine, has been made secretory during Mr. White's ab-sence. Mr. Wilkins has done much successful investigating for the

organization.

The NAACP is working very well. I think it is one of the best bulwarks that we have against Communism among ou Negro population, since its men bers are active in promoting de mocracy.

Tolson

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Gandy .....

47 AUG 31 1949

WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS

# White's Future as NAAP Head Hinges on Today's Vital Meeting

At the most crucial board meeting in its 41-year history, the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People today will decide whether to retain Walter White as executive secretary or drop the internationally famous Negro spokesman who has headed the civil rights organization for over two decades.

Oatensibly, the 48-member non nuptials last July, has been porters is expected to be Mass locard of directors, meeting to the most vocal of the board members at 20 W. 40th St., will be bers demanding summary disvoting on White's expressed will missal of the noted executive.

One of White's staunchest supdirectors.

One of White's staunchest supdirectors.

Actually, the board will be giv-ing consideration to charges by White's opponents on the board that the Negro leader's marriage last July to Miss Poppy Cannon,

a white advertising executive, has ended his usefulness to the interracial organization.

White, under whose leadership the NAACP attracted an unprece-dented 502,000 Negro and white ed to resign last May after doctors warned him that a heart aliment might prove fatal

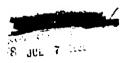
utiless he relaxed his activities. The board then tabled his resignation and voted instead the years kind over instead myears kind of absence, appoining Roy Wikins, White's assistant, as relimp secretary.

Last month, White informed the boay of that his health had improve and that his dectors said.

proved and that his doctors said he opcio return to his duties as ivi secretary

Opposing his return at today's neeting, however, will be Carl turphy, publisher of the Afro-American Newspapers, a chain of Negro metropolitan weeklies with the second largest circula-

tion in the Negro field. Murphy, whose newspaped editorially endorsed the interrace marriage of Paul Robeson after the White-Can-



N. A. A.P. Rivil Righta Homestin Willene

MUISIA TO BELLINE

al accountion for The advance e Set to Resume Walter White, spark plug of the National Assn. for the Ad-vancement of Colored People for more than two decades, was ready today to resume his duties as executive secretary of the largest civil rights organization among Negroes.

White was recalled to his position by a 23-12 vote of the board of directors yesterday, following a 3%-hour debate. a 34-hour depate.

Technically, the board adopted
a "plan of organization without
regard to personalities" submitted by a special committee appointed by Dr. Louis Wight,
NAACP board chairman, last
January to plot the future opera-INDEXED - 143 78 JUL N.A.A.C.P. wil Right & Bonesto Viden
Port & Home Alex WARLEY TY IL Y. DIVISION

down vote resulted from new relactually, however, the board
irejected charges by White's opponents on the board that his
effectiveness to the organization had been seriously impaired last
July when he married Poppy
Cannon, a white advertising excautive.

Earlier, White had attempted to resign all connection with the NAACP when doctors warned him in May, 1989, that his duties endangered his life because of a MaCP, which he built to a recheart ailment. The board rejected his proffered resignation at that time, and gave him a year's leave of absence.

His marriage followed two morths later. Yesterday's show

down vote resulted from new reports by his physicians tha rest in the condition, and that he was how allowed to return to his NAACP duties.

Under yesterday's vote, which really constituted only an indirect showdown on the issue of the marriage of the internationtally-famous Negro leader to a woman of another race. White reduties.

Roy Wilkins, White's assistant of two dreades, who had served as acting executive secretary du-

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nis pronered resignation at that time, and gave him a year's leave of absence.

His marriage followed two months later. Yesterday's show-Continued on Page 21

### Walter White Set to Resume NAACP Help

Continued from Page 5
ing his year's leave, becomes adinghis year's leave, becomes administrator of internal affairs—
a new post recommended by the planning committee. The same committee will recommend a final size of top officials for the NAACP by next January.

The vote against White's return was cast mainly by Southern directors, who contended that the marriage of White to a white of wearn and would bring the question of recommendations of firing the man who admitted much in 31 years service to making the NAACP and, a white attorney for the Name marriage of White to a white of social equality into the fight for Negro tiphts in their areas.

Alded by Mrs. Roosevelt

After January, the board.

After January, the board will washington office of the NAACP. A somewhat similar position is of firing the man who admittedly administrative assistant, who last the committee of the marriage of the NAACP and, a white attorney for the Name liferative civil rights organization.

The directors, however, as summed more control over affairs with a director but the administrative admin

# Mrs. Roosevelt

# Legalistic View Taken of by Courts in Alabama (1)

HYDE PARK-I was formally presented on Tuesday afternoon by Tau Kappa Alpha National Forensic Honor Society with its "speaker of the year" award.

I feel very much honored by this since the society says it is given for "effective, responsible and intelligent speaking on significant public questions during 1935 in the held of education, scientific and cultural activities."

I certainly is a rewarding thing to be told that I have done well in one of the activities which take up a good part of my time.

### ¶ Legalistic View

HEARD yesterday morning that the Alabama Supreme Court (had turned down an appeal by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored Bennle to suspend a \$100.00 contempt of court fine which was set by the circuit court.

Both of these are state courts and I suppose it is natural for them to take a narrow legalistic point of view and to feel they have a right to know the members of an organization within their state. The NAACP had refused to produce a list of its Alabama members.

The courts must realize, however, that fear of reprisals, economic or physical, under present tensions makes the disclosure of such a list utterly impossible from a moral standpoint. If the situation would be reversed, the whole thing could be understood much better.

I wonder if it occurs to the

or the court judges that this Question will affect not only the state of Alabama. The whole world is watching what happens there.

Citizens of Alabama say they fight for freedom—freedom to do as they choose—yet they probably are jeopardizing the freedom of the world. For Asia and Africa are the two continents where today the beliefs of a democratic free world are being weighed against the beliefs of the communist world. If the number of communist states should rise, the number of free people in the world would diminish, thereby lessening the chances of keeping other people in the world free.

The question before us in the United States is not what we do in our country but what effect the things that are done in Alabama will have on the future of the world.

### & Shocking Story -

THAT was a most shocking story in the Tuesday papers describing how criminals—36 in mates of rock Quarry State Prison in Georgia—broke their legs with 10-pound sledgehammers in protest against working conditions. Mr. Forrester, the state director of correction, said the men were working at a rock quarry and he described them as a mong the most hardened in Georgia."

Have you ever seen a chain gang in Georgia working along the road? Have you ever watched the men in charge of these road camps with their whips and their pistols in their belts?

I all remember one guard's

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126 AUG 7 1956

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face which I saw 20 years ago in one of these camps. I was more afraid of him than I was of the prisoners.

It is bad for any man to have complete control over another human being, and this whole system in Georgia is a bad system. Men do not inflict such pain and serious injury on themselves merely to get out of doing hard work. There must have been unbearable conditions. And we call ourselves advanced in our penal institutions.

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PROTEST AGAINST

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Wash. Star		
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N. Y. Herald \_\_\_\_\_ Tribune N. Y. Mirror \_\_\_\_

N. Y. Daily News \_\_\_\_\_\_ Daily Worker \_\_\_\_\_\_ The Worker \_\_\_\_\_\_

New Leader \_

AUG / 3 1956

SECTION - NOV

55 AUG 10 1956

RECEIVIA- BOLDETILL

Y KEGRO I CLATHEAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT CCLCRED PECFLE

Mr. Rosen Mr. Tamm Mr. Trotter. Mr. Nesse Tele. Room Mr. Holloman Mine Gandy.

Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont. Mr. Mohr.

Mr. Parsons

Negro Ex-Communists Relate Details of Penetration; Legislative Committee Hearings

By ED CLINTON

To Continue

Two Negro ex-Communists testi ied today that Communist infiltroups started more than 25 years

And one of them, Leonard Pat-terson of Jamaica, L. I., Y., and exploitation of minor incidents into full scale race tensions started as early as 1929, when Communistically as recipitated a rictous tactile strike in Gastonia, N. C. He testified before the Joint latine Committee on Segrega-

then which is looking into causes of racial unrest in the South via a series of public hearings.

The other Negro, Manning Johnson, Washington, D. C., followed fatterson to the witness stand in the Court of Appeal room at the state Capitol just before the noon secess and described his affiliation with the Communists.

Committee Chairman Sen. Willam Rainach said Johnson's tes-kmony would continue this afterseeon and another witness may be called if time permits. He said at close

Already on record is the test.

Anony of W. Guy Banister, New
C-leans assistant police superingly CLIPPING
tendent and former FBI agent, and
Joseph Kornledder, Detroit, for TBJ 3-7-57
mer Communist.

Fig. OM SIATE Work in Churches

Much of the infiltration of Negro RKED FILE AND INITIALED society by the Communists has

erson told the committee.

'The bulk of the Negro populaion was in the churches, so the schniene was to give them top priority."

STATE TIMES BATCH ROUGE, LA.

Page 1 Cols. 5 -50 APR 1

the cause of racial unrest, before the Joint Legislative Committee on Second priority in their efforts aggregation was Leonard Patterson of Jamaica, L.I. The Negro tald to infiltrate the South, Patterson the committee he was active in the Communical D. L. The Negro tald tent three other witnesses are to be heard from before the hearings, ambles at its infiltration of Nermandate and other witnesses are to be heard from before the hearings, ambles at its infiltration of Nerma and other minerity greams in the "They concentrated on home amples of its infiltration of Negra and other minority groups in the South and in Louisiana. - Photo by Ken Armstrong.

FROM STATE Times.

SEARCHED MOEXED SEFIALIZED. MAR1 1 1957 --FBI - NEW ORLEANS

Answering direct questions & le son said: "The Communist io son said: The community partit has been able infiltrating churches in the South, the North and all over the United States.

And, he added, they have infiltrated Negro and other minority country is the south.

groups in this country.
"But," he stressed, "the Negro
as a body has never accepted
communism."

In great detail, he related his personal experiences as a member of the Young Communist League later as a member of the Conmunist Party central committee and as an active participant in the revolutionary plan for overthrow ing the government and to don

ing the government and to dominate the world."

In graduate of the Lenin school in Moscow, where Communications for international organization are trained, he explained the moothination procedures.

sain. was given to another in the concentrated on long-aboremen's unions in ports like New Orleans, Houston and Savannah, Ga. "he said.

Quit in 1937

It was a disagreement or longshoremen's strike the ection with the party in 1957.

itless declared. After years in various capac was assigned to organize semen in Philadelphia and

NOT RECORDED

138 MAR 26 1957 - 5

ided to his demands. "But I had no authority to setport to the executive committee 7'nd to the party. When I made that report they told me, "We're that report they told me, "We're that interested in 10 cents an hour r in getting a couple more men on ach crew, we want to demon-firate the power of the Commu-

ist party. "It was then I knew that they aid not have the interests of the hylegro, or acrone else, at heart,"

### AY NEGRO

(Continued From Page 1) with various federal agencies in combatting communism ever since. Cites Examples

Specific examples of what he wind the "Communist technique" if "c.pated in such things as the march on Washington after the Scottsboro case, the A's massacre which the Communist-inspired

which the Communistinspired Share Crippers Union was in-vided, and several others. "Inviet" he said, "are just ex-iently of the way the party ex-licits an incident out of all propor-tion."

He read from what he said were excerpts from records of the party, ching their objective as complete world domination, and identified a pamphlet as "the Communists bible for organization of the Negroes." excerpts from records of the par-

organiations," Patparty—they are governed by the party rulesthey follow the party line."
Summarizing his reasons for vol-

they follow the party line."

Simmarizing his reasons for volSimmarizing his reasons for volSimmarizing appearing before the
training appearing said he communist
round not held with the Communist
Productions that a bloody revolution
is necessary.

Tied Everything
The here.

They haven't yet come around
to the attitude of the CIO, that
to the attitude of the CIO, that
you must light it here, there and
every day. With the NAACP, its
issue an occasional position.

Tried Everything
The Communists

The Com

is necessary.

"I believe," he said, "that the people in any state of the United

people in any state of the United Construction who have differences of the trocal issues or, any the first out sides who can work out problems and find a listfirst solution. And, he sedded, "the Next No.

Johnson's testimony during the morning session was limited to his background in the party and since

he left it in 1940.

He left the party, he said, dur-ing the Nazi-Soviet pact. It takes something bordering on shock to compel someone who has been indoctrinated as thornas been indoctrinated as inor-oughly as I was to make the break." he said. Since leaving the party, he added, he has been a conserva-tive."

"I'm not a middle-of-the-road-Im not a middle-of-the-road.

He said he withdrew from the er, he declared, "a middle-of-the-narry shortly after the incident roader is a coward-he toward." Communed on i age 8-A. Col. 11

AV NICEDO

Rainach indicated Johnson's Rainach indicated someon testimony would substantiate that if Patterson and add details of suthern infiltration by the party. Other Wilnesses

Still to be heard are three witnesses, including Dist. Atty. Leander Perez of Plaquemies Parish, a segregation leader for many

subversives for the FBI.

Subversives for the FBI.

At the alternoon session yester, Johann of North Carolina.

At the alternoon session yester, Johann of North Carolina.

At the alternoon session yester, Johann of North Carolina.

At the alternoon session yester, Johann of North Carolina.

At the alternoon session yester, Johann of North Carolina.

At the party worked to on aid this communistic tasks of tall how the party worked to on aid this communistic tasks of tall tensions, Patterson flatly de
member and organizer.

The party has instituted.

iently to have a deciding vace

n the upper counsels. That in the case yet with the NAACP. The Regrees, including the the case yet with the NAACP. Several Negroes, including the the case yet with the NAACP. Hey. T. J. Jemison, local min. But he warned, "it could be the figer and integration leader, were case, however, if the leadership it has addence as the testimony does not become more alert." Although the NAACP says it is

fighting communism, he added, one can't be serious about combatting Communist infiltration and still advertise and sell Communist literature.

organizations to religion to pene

organizations to reinfood to person the said the "solution in Louise-trate the Southland." Moscow just couldn't under an might also solve the problem stand the South, it was a hard. Cook Attending nut," he said the said he beken Attending the hearing were Atty. party work with Negroes in the Gen. Eugene Cook of Georgia and

"It's going to be a fight," he better known for "dirty infighting said. "The Negro commission of than theory" while in the party is in direct contact with Moscow. They have 1,600 more or less experienced Negro party that American Nesson Moscow on they are the said. "The idea prevailed in Moscow workers they can throw around to the first party that American Nesson Moscow." workers they can throw around in any direction."

He estimated Negroes made up half the approximately 600 Amer-cans he said were trained for sub-rersion in Moscow the last 30 rears.

Kornfedder slowly gave what be said was a step-by-step story of Communist efforts in Dixie, concentrating on Negroes.

He described one front group; which he called the People's In-stitute of Applied Religion, which used religion to gain Southern Negroe interest.

Then, he continued, the South ern Conference on Human Rights was developed, after the Commies

der Perez of Piaquermes Farison, was developed, after the Commies a segregation leader for many (ound they were using too many years. Rainach has not identified the other witnesses. Yesterday morning Banister yesterday morning Banister gave his views of the Communist Edyanor Roosevell, wife of the leadhis 17 years as an investigator of ers' in the Southern Conference.

member and organizer.

"The party has infiltrated the Kornfedder said the CIO leaders NAACP in the United State," followed the administration lead-Karnfedder declared, "but that erabip at the time. Earlier, he diesn't mean they control it." it estillied, Red front groups were "To have control," be continued, being organized at the time Stalin, "It's have pust have penetrated fact, began to fear the Natis, in a Constitution of the control racies.

That's when Washington and Moscow were setting up their big flirtation. he said, smilling. "The impact of all this Com-munist organizational effort began

to affect the members of the Nato ansect the members of the tripnal Assa. for Advancement of Colored People," he continued. He said W. E. B. Buthis was monorary NAACP chairman" and "one of the first top NAACP assa. ers to swing over to Communist disturbances.

Sen, W. M. Rainach, committee chairman, said the committee planned to show through testimony the "Communist influence" behind racial troubles "right down to the

state of Louisiana."
He said the "solution in Louisi-

est Coast port strike" was called citizens are toyal current to their nation—the said he followed the party fortrament and their nation—the total he collowed the party fortrament and their nation—the course of African Affairs and a significant strike with the course of African Affairs and a significant significant for the course of African Affairs and a significant significant for the course of Africant and a significant s ine courses of African Affairs and a registative desegation semi-likes main objective is to foster sissippl headed by Sen. Stanton Negro Nationalism in Africa."
Having closed its front groups, from South Carolina was appected he said, the Communist party now but sent word it could not attend is attempting to take over the NAAPP.

"The soes prevailed in Moscow, that American Negroes: were a suppressed group and therefore susceptible to communism," he said, and he began Communist work with the Negroes in the early 1990e.

He said he came to this country in 1917 from Czechoslovakia and two years later helped organize Communist party in the United Ctotes

Under questioning from Shaw, Kornfedder spent most of the day outlining the activities of the Communist party and its method of operation in the United States.

He said he left the party after

He said he left the party after 15 years when he disagreed with a change in the party line. That was the excuse." Konfeder explained. "I came to doptot the 4 Communist solution of solul projlems after my three years in Russia, not so much the theory as the application in Russia."

the application in Russia."
District Attorney Leander Peres
of St. Bernard and Plaquemias Parishes, a staunch segregationis Parishes, a staunch segregationist and states rights leader, said he had been invited to testify and probably would appear today.

Konniedder, who testified for four bours during the afternoon, said the NAACP had apparently adopted Communist tactics of creating conflict where more contents.

existed.

"I think the NAACP has b busy in recent months generating few incidents. he said "I would say the Autherine Lucy incident would be an example, and any Negro family moving into a neighborhood where they're not wanted. An ordinary Negro family just wouldn't take such a rask that's an organization man that

He referred to the attempt by an Misk Autherine Lucy to register and at the University of Alabama in th

Now, Kornfedder added, only one

President Listed With Red-Front-Citations-

# Vhites Still Play Top Roles in NAACP

EDITOR'S NOTE: Recently, G. E. Pankey of Russen wrote to Editor George W. Shannon of The Journal, asking that in formation be printed about the president of the NAACP. "He should be known to the public and not allowed to operate in secrecy against the public peace in Louisiana," said Pankey, who wrote also that he had never seen a picture of the NAAUP leader. The following article deals not only with the president of the NAACP, but also with the background of some of that organization's other leaders.

#### By CHARLES C. PHILLIPS Journal Staff Writer

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People was formed principally by white people and it has always had a white man as president.

The NAAGR president is Arthur B. Spingson New York attorney, who succeeded his brother, J. E. Spindarn, in 1840. Spingarn, like most of the NAACP leaders has been branded a left-winger. However, he has been lifted as having only four Communist front citations

tal of 401, or TRACP directors.

newspaper, "The Daily Worker, as a signer of a statement approving the War Department's order permitting commissioning of mem-

The statement was sponsored by the ational Federation for Constitutional Liberties, which was & rt has a yearly budget of \$70,000.
scrice as Victously subversive. Some of the NAACP directors are scriber as "viciously subversive" in a speech to All. Gen. Eurene Cook of Georgia.
Information obtained from the

Louisiana Sovereignty Commission ahows that Sojurgarn was a supperter of the Citizens United to Abolish the Wood-Rankin Commistet a congressional investigative body. His name appeared as a member of this committee in the New York Times March 14, 1946. ing to a booklet issued by that or



ARTHUR SPINGARN NAACP Prosident

Gen. Cook also described that or-nanization as "subversive and Com-

Springafn's name appeared as a sponsor of the Public Use of Arts Committee in 1939. An investigation by the Georgia Commission on Education in 1958 resulted in this committee's also being labeled a Communist front organization.

The best known or, at least, the most often quoted official of the NAACP is probably Roy Wilkins, a New York Negro, who is execu-On March 18, 1945, Spingarn's tive secretary or the organization on the Communist He has been listed by the Georgia name appeared in the Communistic Commission on Education as have ing seven Communist front cita

> Wilkins is paid \$15,000 a year. The last report shows that the NAACP has 368,808 paid up members in 1,434 chapters in 45 states.

Some of the NAACP directors are nationally known whites. At the time the Louisiana Joint Legislative

From Page One

Committee, headed by then State New York Times March 14, 1946.

Spingarn was delegate to the bearings on Communical activities Council on Africa, according to a booklet issued by that or threctors included such names as ing to a booklet issued by the Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Oscar Harmerstein II, the sone miles.

The committee listed what the called the Communist front affilia-

National Association Sor The Advancement of



THE SHREVEPORT JOURNAL

SHREVEPORT, LA NEW ORLEANS OFFICE

COMMUNIST INFILTRAT

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to the first two assemblies of the

Mrs. Eleanor Ressevelt, 57 cit.
trons, widow of the late president;
Channing H. Tobias, 44 citations. New York Negro, a member of the Truman Civil Rights Commission and a member of the National Council of Churches, department of International Justice and Goodwill; Bishop W. J. Walls, 38 citations, of the Chicago African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, member of the executive board of the National Council of Churches and member of the council's commit-

and a delegate to its first assembly. The list of alleged Communist The list of alleged Communist front citations against each of these ing the Communist Party in 1947.

NAACP directors would be too long to print here, however, a few illustrative organizations will be listed.

All were cited as Communist fronts by the Louisiana Joint Legislative (signed a petition to President told the AP recently he feels that Committee.

tee on cultural and human relations

the jailed leaders of the Communist Party convicted under the Smith Act. He signed an appeal on Jan., 3, 1949, as the Committee of One Thousand urging abolition of the

House Un-American Activities Com mittee. Delaney was a member of the 'l-Harlem Youth Confreence May of 1938; was a member of the and of the Council on African Affairs.

cago urban League: other properties of the American Society for the Properties of the American Properties of the American Society for the Properties of the Propert

ber of the Harlem Coordinating Dr. Henry Moskowitz, another new Council on African Affairs in 1945 Negroes." On May 21, 1909 and was a sponsor of the fourth NAACP was born. annual conference of the American They received help from Os annual conference of the American They received help from Oswald Committee for Protection of the G. Villard, publisher of the New,

Foreign Born in 1940. °.

Mays was a memoer we william proposed a plan which, African Aid Committee in 1946 and With some refinements, has been 1850; the Civil Rights Congress in followed by the NAACP through 1947; the National Committee to the years. He proposed organization Repeal the McCarren Act and staffs to specialize in combating signed a manifesto against outlaw-discrimination in education, labor,

were:

National Free Browder YEarl ing of the National Negro Congress Algernon D Black, 81 Communist From Congress and Provided Culture Society, a reliable Covering to the Daily Worker of bond rally in New York in December 1, Delaner, 18 citations, 18 ci

committee investigation subversion. when he was elected president.

Imes signed a statement in 1940 Miss Ovington and William Eng.

protesting investigation of Com lish Walling, southern-born white thunists which appeared in the man and author of the Springfield magazine, Equality; was a mem riot article, enlisted the helpf of Committee for Employment in York social worker, and launcled 1938; endorsed the program of the a campaign in 1909 to "lielp

oreign Born in 1940. York Post . . and a white man. Mays was a member of the Villard proposed a plan which,

by the Louisiana Joint Legislative signed a petition to President told the AP recently he feels that Committee.

Elsenhower urging commutation of under the Kennedy administration Black was a member of the Inter-serkences and postponement of the NAACP will attain the goal it Church committee of the American; trials of alleged Communists; be set for itself seven years ago. That Incusion Institute according to a longed to the National Council Acquer's "Complete elimination of letterhood of that organization in American-Soviet Friendship in 1946 all vestiges of second class citi-May, 1947. He aigned an appeal, and spoke at the Philadelphia meet-zenship" for Negroes by 1843—the Daily Worker for ammesty for the Daily Worker for ammesty for the Communist.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

### Memoranaum

to : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/10/62

PROM : SAC,

: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (RUC

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR FEACE AND FREEDOM (WILPF)

OO: PHILADELPHIA

Re Bureau letter 4/2/62, and San Francisco letter to Bureau 5/29/62.

Enclosed for the Bureau are £ copies of letterhead memo concerning captioned organization. Two copies are being designated for Philadelphia.

The list of U.S. delegates to the 15th International Congress of WILPF at Asilomar, Pacific Grove, California, 7/8 through 13/62, is being furnished to offices covering; residences of delegates by separate correspondence.

On July 13, 1962, the first source advised that the WILPF held a dinner meeting on July 7, 1962, at the Hall of Flowers, Golden Gate Park, San Francisco. This meeting was held to greet delegates from several countries who came to the United States to attend the 15th International Triennial Congress at Asilomar starting on July 8, 1962. BARBARA UIMER, California State President of WILPF, gave a short talk and introduced Mayor GEORGE CHRISTOPHER

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of San Francisco who spoke for a few minutes and welcomed the delegates from the various countries. WIMER then read telegrams that had been received from Governor PAT BROWN of California, BERTRAND RUSSELL, ELEANOR ROOSEVELT and the India Embassy. Delegates from Japan, India, Denmark and the United States spoke. The delegate from Japan said that the anti-Communist was not the true patriot but that the people working for peace and world disarmament were the true patriots.

CEN DAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

CIA STRONG USEN CHANGE

13 August 1953.

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

SUBJECT

1. Subject was an applicant for a position in the Office of Strategic Services, but investigation was discontinued when interest in him was dropped.

He was formerly connected with the American Youth Congress. The has been invited to several luncheons by Krs. Franklier Roose state. He has been influence over him. She helped stabilize him.

"He came back whifted, after having visited wh her at the khite House."

3. The above is furnished for your information.

FOR THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE:

Field Edwards

Colonel, GSC

Director of Security

Attachment:

THIS INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE OF YOUR BUREAU.

egregation age Callei & Lorde

Eleanor Roosevell's Day

# Faubus Seems

BRUSSELS — A breathing spell access to have been given to all concerned with the U. S. Supreme Court's postponement of its decision until Sept. 11 on integration in Little Rock. Many are waiting anxiously to hear what the highest court will decide.

Of course, we all hope for resderably from President Elienhower to prevent violence in Arkansaa. But he is dealing with a gentleman in Gov. Orval Faubius who seems to have no scruples about what he does.

about what he does.

Gov. Faubus seems to be interested only in his own future, and he is playing a dangerous game in moting his people to stand against the law of the land. But the President can exzert greater leadership than the governor, and even the the governor has been suppowered by his state legislature down achools to prevent the greater the Arkanana will realize the Arkanana will realize that the closed schools will hurt more white children dan colored children.

¶ Dr. Haemel

Manifest un mest ham

statement of Dr. Josef Baemel, former rector of Jens University in East Germany, who recently field to West Barlin.

It is most pathetic in learn that the "unbearable" communist demands to convert the antiversity into a political institution had obliged this \$2-year-old medical doctor to leave fits post and start life answ somewhere else. One can under stand what a difficult decision his had been. When the realizes the attachment a professor has to the university he has presided of etfer some time, one can seel what a terrible situation this man faced and him copurageously he has presid. File

Wash. Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune

N. Y. Journal-.... American

N. Y. Mirror \_\_\_\_\_ N. Y. Daily News \_\_ N. Y. Times \_\_\_\_

Daily Worker \_\_\_\_\_ The Worker \_\_\_\_\_ New Leader \_\_\_\_\_

Date .

**SEP 8** 1958

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Transmit the following bessage via

Planty or Notherly Medical

BURRAU

CITY-WIDE MADISON SQUARE GARDE

CITY-WIDE MADISON SQUARE GAR CIVIL RIGHTS RALLY ALIGNIZATION

Instant rally was held as planned on the night of of 5/21/56 at Madison Equare Garden, NYC; Speakers appeared as announced in press releases. Attendance estimated by 16,000. Ho evidence of CP influence or control present at 22, rally. By newspaper accounts of rally enclosed for information to the Burden 22 at 12 and 12 and



America's attitude toward and segregation was being restin morities determines our preside the segregation was being restin to the Army and the Air Westger abroad, Birn, Eleanor He spoted from what the main staff, I have been seen that sight. I have been seen sight. I have been seen sight and the support the charges he similar to support the support to be interpreted by the support of the support of

New YORK WORLD Telegrom



Speakers in Garden Assa Congress and Political Leaders on Progress

Political leaders, and Con m particular, were accused last wight at a civil-rights rally to Kadison Square Garden of S neuring the rights of individ

The rully, designed to stop w the fight for civil rights and to raise funds for the campaign. rae sponsored by the Brother ood of Sleeping Car Porters the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People churches and miscellaneous is bor groups.

The attendance was estimated

The attendance was estimated at 18,000.

Three southern Negross who had been involved in recent friedmits in the Bouth were featured guests. They were: Mrs. Hugh L. Yooter, the former Miss Autherine Lucy, who was see pailed by the University of Alabama last February after becoming the first Negro to gain admission to the school, the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther Sting, leader of the bus boycott in Montgomery, Ala, and Oas Courts, Mississippi storekeeper sibet in a dispute over his right. that in a dispute over his right

Mrs. Boogevelt Speni

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt told the rally that New Torkers as well as Southerners faced a challenge in race relations. She mid New Yorkers ought to in-

said New Yorkers sugar to se-tegrate housing and otherwise set a pattern of community life for the rust of the nation. She said the southern states' first duty was to provide pro-tection for the Negrose' right to vote, as the Puderal Govern-

arpect.
Mrs. Roosevelt also sater-lewed Mrs. Foster, who said be planned to return to the

br. Goldstein said the mati Administration Chas stade to portant galas in combating deand segregation in the armed forces. Government services and employment with public contractors. But, he added, it "unfortunately reguest until recently to put its influence behind the enactment by the United States Congress & urgently pécided civil rights legislating."

Roy Wilkins, executive servicery fit the N.A. A. C. P., walk, the Government could not "semain a neutral observe" and that it was the "duty of the Chief Executive, he matter what his party, to act firmly to guide the nation in the observances of the law.

the nation is the summer and the law.

He said the Republican as Democratic parties "must ado strong ettl rights planks their platforms at the mation conventions this summer, sach marche a statement. ing not merely a statement the Supreme Court re [against racial segregation

大大学 ないことなる 海に大学というないのかない

WATL, ASSOC. POR ADVANCEMENT Colured



# Charges A Restores Bias

Rep. Adam Clayton Powell

O.-N. V.) charged the Army,
with restoring segregation in a
speech last night in Madison
Equare Carden at a civil rights
rally.
The rally was sponsored jointily by the Brosberhood of Siego-

in Car Porters and the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People.

Powel Mirected his attack on esident Eisenhower. He sald had "documented evidence that "the official family a intimate friends of Pro Eisenhower are delibe bringing back segregation "Elsenhower is now

New York Journal-A

According to Miss BENYAMIN plans to be a candidate for the United States House of Representatives from New York State subsequent to obtaining her Ph.D. degree.

She alleges to be a close personal friend of Mrs. WANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT and her son Congressman JAMES ROOSEVELT, ADD, WILL support her candidacy.

-3-

Report Fore F0-263 (8-12-56)

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ST. LOUIS ST. LOUIS

6/28/60 6/14 -23/60

dated 12/15/59

COMMITTEE OF THE PEOPLE OF ST. LOUIS

CHARACTER OF CASE

DESCRIPTION

REFERENCE: St. Louis report of SA

14

It was also announced in connection with the MACK CHARLES PARKER Case that the State Committee of the CP of Missouri be responsible for putting out some additional upto-date literature on the MACK CHARLES PARKER Case, or at least some more recent reprints on the PARKER Case from "The Worker."

SL COMMO

would donate the printing of such leaflets if the Etate Committe of the CP of Missouri would write up this leaflet or give permission to use reprints from "The Worker."

advised that the leaflet of the Party was in error in not having distributed some petitions on the PARKER Case on the occasion of Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT giving a speech in St. Louis on December 10, 1959.

14

# . Teacher Quotes Magazine Mrs. Roosevelt Never 'Cite By Red Probers, Official Says

By BEN EL BAGDIKIAN

Washington-The public asperflon last week by a Providence achoolicacher that Mr. Franklin Delicosevelt had been cited 57 times by the House am-American activities committhe brought a puzzled reaction from the professional director the committee.

Frank S. Tavenner, staff disector of the committee, said: a don't know anything of that nature whatever and I have been here 12 years."

The schoolteacher, Robert E. McMillan, an instructor sand boach at Hope High School, had taked for five minutes to exlain "the other nide" at an American Civil Liberties Unon public meeting in Faunce House at Brown University. It as there that he made the tatement ebout Mrs. Roose-

Later he said he heard the olumn in the magazine Ameri-an Mercury that he had sught on a hewestand and moted this paragraph, which spaid was the complete raibe to Mrs. Roosevelt:

"In Appendix IX, House comlittee on un-American activiles, published during FDR's adpinistration, named were severe giving aid and comfort to be Communist effort to destroy he U.S. and the American way # Me. Cited 36 times for subversive activities was Mrs. Elector Rossevelt, (This is part inclains Jimmy Recervelt's vioent attack on this great conpresional committee.)"

Mr. McMillen said that the chagazine might have med the prord "cite" housely, but he addon that as a student of home saffan for many years he he format 'n Tha<del>y Mar Rose</del>r telt, est a long, long record of

Becords of the House mittee contain voluminous testimony by persons who have made a variety of charges, but Mr. Tavenner said that he had no knowledge of the committee ever "citing" Mrs. Rossevert,

I Never Legally Cited He said Mrs. Roosevelt has never been cited in the legal series that the committee has cited some witnesses for contempt of Congress because they refused to answer questions. He said further that the commitsons in any formal manner as being subversives, although it does do so with organizations.

A possible explanation of the sating of Mrs. Roosevelt's name is that each time a person's name is mentioned in committee hearings or appears a a document submitted to the committee, that pame is placed in the index of the hearings. These around indexes and appendions for each year were nombined for two cumulative indente, one from the first year of the committee in 1938 through 1864, and the other peovering the gears 1955 and

Mrs. Receivelt appears thany times in both these cumulative andexes, but, if these are the sale of the magazine's and Mr. McMillan's assertion that she was "cited," than 56 or 57 are too small. Such index refers to her in committee prosedings and documents for t ag years from 1838 to 1856

Such mention in the proceed-ings does not measurally mean the versus is "cited" as minum-give. If means the person's hame

.. iii .!!

Boston American, Boston, Mass. Boston Globe, Boston, Mass. Boston Herald, Boston, Mass. Boston Traveler, Boston, Mass.

Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

Daily Record, Boston, Mass. PROVIDENCE JOURNAL, Brov.R.I. ate: 3/2/61

Date: Edition: Author: BEN H. BAGDIKIAN

Rditor: SEVELLON BROWN, III Title: House UnAmerican Activities Comm.

Class. or Character: Page:

Bufile No. Submitting Office: Boston

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cusations by suspected Com complaint by a woman if the Mr. Estes Kafan published "by "Mirs to belp make for As a result each person to veit's daughter, and the fact that a group sent her a tioned in the above to fact that a group our trees first is "citad" in the trees telegram while she was first is "citad" oragnization has be ady. In all cases, she is "cited" oragainstion has been called in the index because her name Communist front group by the appears on the record. In some House committee on an instances her name appears bemuse abe belonged to or was general has not listed it. with organizations Nurse's Too that the House committee. (8) In 1941 the House committee and un-American activities considered on the stand a surse who, ared subversive or Community and had wide experience ? ont. investigation of the subject of A preface to the committee un-American activities," and in ther testimony the woman, Mis Midex states: The fact that a name ap-Hazel Huffman, said she atpears in this index is not per selended a meeting of a group in an indication of a record of which the speaker reported subversive activities. It simply "that the women's smilling of indicates that said individual, the National Maritime Union publication, or organization has was sending a telegram to Mrs. been mentioned in connection Roosevelt." with testimony or a report sub-This is one of the 68 "citamitted." tions. On another occasion before Examples of "Oltations" Checking the 68 "citations at World War II, the committee random brought these exam-introduced one of its investigators, a former newspaper Submitted to the record of woman, Mary Spargo, who re the committee in the 84th Con-ported that a group aus gress was the even-page report of communism she had is f the organization, the Ameri-gated called the United S of the organization, the Ameri-grated called the United States and Committee for the Protect, "a fascist state about to engage sion of Foreign Born, for the upon an imperialist war. Many year 1947. The committee's of the group particularly supplicated the supplication of the protection of the protec ent Americans "including Mrs. the House committee on sent Americans "including Mrs. the House committee as Eleanor Roosevelt, Thornton American activities. This is on Wilder, Bishop Francis J. Mc-or the 68 "citations" of Mrs. Connell, Elizabeth Bergner, Roosevelt, President Roosevelt, Dashlell Hammett, and the Rt. Rev. John M. Cooper. Dashiel Hammert, and wided."

The year after that the assumption of placed in another description. The committee as a subversive organization. The committee protested who destifute the committee protested by the committee protested the committee nd some of its members, which schided at the time Mrs letter to Mrs. Rocevelt, sevelt, Roger Baldwin, Rep. John on account of an article w said that the ing by the attorney general mot specify at what park dts history he thought th four came under Communis Another "citation" of Mrs velt was in 1958 testimony men Welfare, answered

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July 26, 1939

### MEMORARDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

## ME: AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS

On May 31, 1939 Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt directed the following letter to the Bureau:

Dear Br. Boovers

I have been told that you have some information on the American Youth Congress, either recently or taken some time ago, which would indicate a number of people are either Communists or Fescists. I would be extremely grateful for any information which you can give so on the subject.

Very sincerely yours,

/s/ Eleanor Roosevelt.\*

In keeping with Mrs. Roosevelt's request the Bureau prepared a memorandum, dated June 8, 1939, concerning the American Youth Congress and by letter of the same date transmitted one copy of the memorandum to Mrs. Roosevelt, a copy of which memorandum is attached hereto.

After receiving this memorandum and the Barcan's letter of July 8, 1939, Mrs. Roosevelt directed a letter to the Bureau dated June 15, 1939, which is quoted herevith as follows:

Dear Mr. Hoovers

......

Congress. William Minchley is no longer the chairman.

Joe Cadden is now the chairman, but they shings every 15 1933

year and there will be a new one this year.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Communist leaders, and the fact that they claim this erganization and others to be Communistic, seems to me

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just so much momense. If their members choose to work for things which we in this country are been to see done, that is very pleasing, but I hardly think it is much of a gain for the Communist cause except insofar as Communism may be changing to good Democracy?

For the rest, I see nothing very terrifying in the report. Here and there they have stood apparently for one or two rather radical things, but many of these things are either rejected or they are changed in their latest declarations, and new ones will be made at their Congress in July. For instance, they so longer support total disarmament.

It always assess me to see young people's organizations treated as though they were already mature and settled. I am glad, however, to have this information as it shows me the type of fact which has been used to substantiate the Roman Catholic attitude that this organimation is Communist controlled.

## Very Sincerely yours,

# /a/ Eleanor Roosevelt."

A new memorandum on the American Youth Congress, dated July 24, 1939, has now been prepared, which includes all of that information on the American Youth Congress in the memorandum of June 8, 1939. In addition thereto, the memorandum of July 24, 1939, has brought up to date that memorandum rendered on June 8, 1939. A sopy of the memorandum of July 24, 1939, is attached hereto.

On July 20, 1939, The submitted the following senorendan concerning an interview between Special Agent (Marie Marie and Mrs. Roosevelt:

quite some time yesterday afternoon. During the time he was with her he stated that Hrs. Roosevelt, to make conversation, inquired how he liked his work. He told her he liked the work fine and Hrs. Roosevelt then said she had a very high respect for the FBI,

the FBI were for the most part legally trained and college graduates and that their investigations were conducted impartially. Confidence further told him. Roosevelt that the Agents had no feelings on any of the matters and merely reported the information which came to them without any bias or prejudies whatever. Conserved that these remarks were made by Hrs. Roosevelt more for the purpose of carrying on a conversation than anything else and she was not critical but was merely talking; that after he told her how the investigations were made she appeared to understand. However, it was thought you would perhaps want to know of her remarks concerning the report on the Mational Touth Conference, as you may want to explain to her how the Bureau's investigation in such matters is conducted.

Respectfully,

R. A. Thom.

Enclosure

1/07

Hrs. Francia Salane Receivalt The Unite House Baskington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Rossovalts

In accordance with the request contained in your letter dated May 31, 1939, I am pleused to insless the attucked measurantum setting forth information concerning the incriman Youth Congress.

I want you to know that it is indeed a pleasure for me to be able to make evaluable to you the data contained in this memorandum.

Sincerely yours

J. Edgar Boover

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R. C. GARRANERS OF USE CAR.

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é her.

The American Torth Congress is accused of affiliated ergenisations in farty-seven states. It is a personent federation of 1,007 youth arganisations representing 1,600,000 persons between the ages of 16 and 30.

The Betlemil Soundil of the Merican Touth Congress has 12s bendguarters at 55 Fest Lind Street, New York City. William RACKINGLINY IS 148 Chalrens

The Congress was formed originally by Viel-Villes, for "sound intellectual, spiritual, and physical development of the youth of secrious" The first section was held in august of 1914 at the Austington Square College in New York City.

France Farmy Debugh of the Socialogy Department of Fashington Equato College; Nov York City, the in the summer of 1935 served on the savingry Council of Messow State University, became ared at Mine Illes for bolding liberal and redical erronizations form to a minimum representation. Professor forback invited trains organizations to participate in the conference, including the mitra-radiant and purifiet groups, the locate for Industrial Democracy (Socialist) | Sational Student Tedoration, Riemoor Touth (Socialist) | Nor Resisters' Locate (witre-radios) pasifists) | Toung Communist Locate and the figure People's Socialist isnet

These appealtings in Parish the Senter of the Controls and Foreign Sented Front. This "mited Front" This "mited front." The "mited front." The first front. Toung Communist Langue, and an Instructor in the Morters' School of New York City in 1931, National Poeretary of the T.C.L. in 1933, on arrangements committee of V. S. Congress Against Ray in 1933, and a marker of the Sational inventive Committee of the Aurieum Longue against For and Passism in 1935. In 1935 Green ands a report of the Touth Ecropent in the United States to the Donistorn in Moseow. Green was promoted by Mas

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Presiding Constitute of the Third (Communist) International for the above and other "smited front" successes in the United States.

At the conclusion of the Congress, two groups had emerged - the American Touth Congress, under the direction of the Communists, and the American Touth Congress, Ens., under Hiss Illum.

Shortly after the final session of the Congress, the "New Masses," a Commist cultural publication, carried an article stating: "For the first time since the Secial Execus from the American League Against War and Paseisa, Commists and Secialists are together again."

Aided and abotted by Young Communists, the Congress continued to gree. On May 30, 1835, demonstrations against war, under the auspiess of the Youth Congress, were held in all large cities.

From July 4 to July 7, 1935, the American Youth Congress held its second sonference at Detroit, police were called and Reverend Gordon McWhirter of the Pectits Unitarian School was arrested. The offense for which arrested and the dispetition of this arrest are not available.

## **GRAZGIIVIZ**

The platform of the American Youth Congress is contained in the "Doclaration of the Rights of American Touth," adopted at its second Youth Congress held in Detroit, July 4, 1935.

- 1. We declare that our generation is rightfully entitled to a meeful, ereative, and happy life, the guarantees of which are: full security in time of meed, full educational epertunities, steady employment at adequate wages, civil rights and peace.
  - 2. The maintenance and extension of rights of free speech, press, and assemblages "We are determined to realise in actuality the ideals of a free America.

€ 2.

We demand not only the maintenance but the extension of our elementary rights of free speech, press, and assemblage."

- 3. Oppose company unions: "He oppose company unions and affirm the right of workers to join labor unions of their own choosing in order to advance their economic interests."
- Oppose Passism: "We strongly oppose Passism, with its accompanying demagogy, as a complete megation of our right to liberty."
- 5. Advocate wasuployment and social insurance: "We urge a system of wasuployment and social insurance as an immediate improvement in the condition of wasupleyed youth, and we affirm our right to be employed on all relief projects at equal wages for equal work."
- 6. Mucation without discrimination: "We consider full academic freedom essential to progress and enlightenment. Our right to work, includes the right of proper preparation for work. Education must be available to everyone without discrimination, poor as well as rich, Hogross as well as white, through free scholarships and government aid to meetly students. Our educational system should provide for vocational training at adequate wages, under trade union supervision."

The program of the organization as published in Avoice of Youth, official organ of the Young Communist League, Ristrict 13, May 15, 1935, is in part: To organize anti-war demonstrations (strikes); to support total disarrament proposals; to ergenize workers for strikes against manufacture and shipment of munitions and to work toward a general strike in event of war; to transfer all defense funds for recreational, educational and ralief purposes; for the enactment of the Communist Workers' Emmyloyment and Social Insurance Act; to abolish military training in schools and colleges and shandomment of military administration of CCC camps; for abolition of transient camps and wagrancy laws; for independent

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youth to requive relief; for child labor loss guaranteeing state support to all children under 16 and abolition of youth below 16 to work; to organize the unorganized youth into unions in such industries as the sariae industries and modile trades, comming and agricultural; setablishment of youth sections with such features as sports, socials, ot cotors; for repeal of estipisheding, original syndicalism and anti-fiel laws; for free speech on sempasses; against laws infringing on meadenic freedom; for relief for stedents, but immobes and earlard; a compalge against political, economic or social discrimination against agrees, Orientals, Pilipinos or Hurisses; for unounitional freedom of Philippines and Oute; against lymbing, anti-labor bills; for freedom of Sectio-bore bore and Jagulo Sarudom.

"The present accounts system offers no scintism to our problems; some form of comparative accommonable with production for use instead of profit is measurery," may the report. To secomplish this the program advocator a united front on the political field with such groups as have the same learnings.

deens the afficers alected at the 1935 session was Walde Seffett, Chairma. He was also national chairma of the First Sational Youth Congress, and added pediesh leaders in aplitting the First American Touth Congrues, Maliett was a member of the potreterial staff of the incrises Langue for Posco and Douberaty, a Communist, Socialist and pacifist "maited front," and is also a member of the Seeky Sountain Y. M. S. A. The Secrious Longue Against for and Papeles officially should at its Fourth Congress held is Pitteburgh, Pemerylvenia, on Movember 26 and 177, 1937, to the Lacrison Longue for Pooce and Desceroey. Moure Strong was elected First Fice Chairma. He was a member of the Chicago Executive Committee of the League for Peace and Demograty. X 011 Green, of the Third (Communist) International; Secognitions, a member of the Ecountive Consistee of the Association of Manupleyed College Alassi and Professional Papels, the college division of the Socialist League for Industrial Democracy, executive committee of the New York Chapter of the L. J. J., and associate editor of "Student Advocate", and Same Lerner, contributing editor of "New Piencer", and a Communist condidate for Assembly of Klage County and was a penber of the secretarial staff of the American League for Food and Democracy, were also appointed officers.

In speaking before the Cominters Congress in September, 1935, Gil Green continually referred to the American Youth Congress, 人名英格兰人名英格兰人名英格兰人姓氏西班牙名称来源于 在我的人

showing how a "mitod front" had been organized with a numbership Supresenting over one million youth. Spenking of the first Sungress, Green said: "We defeated the energy and burned the Youth Geogress Jate a bread, united front."

The Third Congress was bald at Cleveland, Chie, on July 3, 4 and 5, 1976, at which time William R. Blacking was chosen Setional Chairman.

The magnaine entitled "The Generalist" published by the Sational Securities of the Communist Party of America, for Hovenber, 1976, carries on artials celital "The Orlais in the Satialist Party" written by Milliam Inflorar. In this article he points out, briefly, the interest thich the Generalist Party has in various organizations. He is quoted as follows: "Here I can acction only a few of the Communist Party's chief current setivities: At the present time it has mobilized the support of at least 5,000,000 certars and others in the support of the Verters Tam, layrent Insurance Mill. It is playing an important part in the American Youth Congress, which at its convention in Cleveland, Fely 3, 1936, had 1,400 delegates representing a membership of 1,700,000."

The American Zouth Congress spensored the Kouth Pilgrimage to Unshington, offsetive Petruary 19, 20, 21, and 2, 1977,
The purpose of this march was to encourage the passage of the
American Zouth Act, which was introduced in the Congress by
Seaster Macri Passan of Minesota and Congressons Thomas R.
Anile of Microsofa. The proposed Act called for the appropriation
for \$550,000,000 to earry out the progress of the American Zouth
Congress. Several thousand persons servered on Machington of
that time and orteblished their headquarters at Boon 511, Setional
Press Dailding, Buchington, R. G. Several members of the approgation staged a mit-door strike mear the Main Souse, as a Facult
of which arrests security.

The Fourth confurence of the American South Congress was held in Microster, Misconsin, on July 7, 1937. At this time the Congress resolved itself into a Model Congress fachioned after the Fulled States Covernment. The Congress was complete with two Legislative houses and joint Congressional consistence. A final

joint possion of both bodies was likewise held,

At its Tenth Convention in May, 1935, at New York City, the Communist Party resolved:

The rele of the Party as the vanguard and organiser of the messes, working systematically for winning a leading position, must be affectively strengthened. In this connection, far more attention will be devoted by the Mational Committee and state conmittees to inproving the political quality of the daily work and organizational octivities of Party members in the trade Whichs (A. F. of L. as well as C. I. O.), in the American League for Peace and Democracy, the Workers Alliance, American Touth Congress, Mational Megro Congress, in the farm, cultural, religious, professional and other organizations, and in the mass organizations of the mational groups. In order to contribute more effectively to the building and consolidation of these organimations and movements, and to win the complete trust and confidence of the progressive leaders and all members of these organisations, the Party members in these organizations must more consistently assume their share of all the responsibilities involved in building and promoting these erganisations."

In addressing the Tenth Convention of the Communist Party, W.S.A., in New York City on May 26, 1936, Early Browder, the General Secretary of the Communist Party of America, Gelaret:

The building of the democratic front of the majority of the people sannot proceed according to a blue-prist, no matter who draws it. It must find reen to accomedate the widest variety of initiative and organisation, and make all of them contribute to the common goal. The Democratic New Beal wing, the progressive Republicans, the Farmer-Labor Party of Himmesota, the Progressive Party of Wisconsin, the Commonwealth Federation of Washington, the American Labor Party, Labor's Somparisan Legue, the A. F. of L. and U.I.O. trade unions, the American Legue for Peace and Democramy, the Estional Megro Congress, the American Touth Congress, fraternal organizations, farmers' organizations, the Communist Party — all, all, have conething vital to

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\*contribute to the building of the democratic front, and all must in some way be brought into effective collaboration.\*

Browder further declared at the Tenth Convention:

The tasks of building the democratic front, and promoting its progrem, are found most concretely and pressingly in the mass organisations, embracing many millions of members. Each of these organizations has its own special tasks, for the more effective performance of which Communists must strive. Therefore, it is especially the work of the Communists within the mass organizations that must be re-examined and improved, politically and organizationally.

Our Party members are to be found in the widest variety of mass organisations. In the trade unions of the A. F. of L., the C.I.O., and the Bailroad Brotherhoods, they are at work; in the American League for Peace and Democrany; the Workers Alliance; the American Youth Congress; the various organisations of World War veterans; the Meticual Hegro Congress; in the farm, cultural, fraternal, religious, professional, and other organisations, and in those of the national groups.

We set as the aim of all Communists in the mass erganisations to contribute more effectively to their work, to building and consolidating them and preserving their unity against all disruptive elements. We set as our aim to win the complete trust and confidence of the progressive leaders and all members of these organisations. We call upon the Communists to assume more consistently their share of all the responsibilities involved in building and prometing these organisations. Spon the basis of such modest and emergetic work, we expect all Communists to broaden their connections among the members, to win them to support of the progress and organisation of the democratic front of the majority of the people, and to win their most advanced representatives to membership in the Communist Party. Hr. J. B. Natthers, who described himself as a "former Gomenist faller firevalor," teld the House Committee on an-American Activities on August 20, 1934, that he helped run more than a score of Stalinist front organizations between 1932 and 1835.

He named as Communist organisations, actually directed from Moscow, the American Youth Congress, the unemplayed councils, the American League for Posco and Desceracy, The Friends of Soviet Russia, The International Labor Defence and The League of Nomen Reppers. He said it was the aim of the Communist Party, through these and similar organisations, to employe control of a united front against conservation in the United States.

Matthews said may of the speasers of these organizations are non-Commists who are not aware they are "dupes of the Commists." To illustrate he submitted a list of speasers of the American Fouth Congress, which he sailed a typical front organization: Representative Thomas R. Amile of Pisconsin, Harry Elmer Parnes of the Saripp-Howard newspapars, Dorothy Danhar Breaky of the New York Foet, William Allem Phite of the Empuria Gasette, Senator Lynd Franker of Horth Dakets, former Governor Harold G. Widffman of New Jersey, President Henry Robin McCrasken of Vassar Gollege, Bishop Ralph Unshuan of the Methodist Church, Severnor Elmer Beasen of Minnesota and Secretary Mary for of League of Industrial Denocracy.

The following information is taken from page two of the Gatholic News for August 20, 1936:

The capture of the American youth movement by the Communists is in line with the instructions laid down by Georgiplinitrov, head of the Communist International in his greeting to the Young Communist International Congress at Meson when he said:

\*fourndes, yes remember the ancient tale of the espture of Trey. Trey was inaccessible to the armies attacking her, thanks to the impregnable valle. And the attacking army after enffering may secrifices was mable to achieve victory until, with the aid of the funcus Trejan Heres it manged to paretrate to the very heart of the energy's seap. のはは、日本の大学を大学を表現の本子の教育を教育を表し、日本教育を見るというできる。 まっていていいなか、 となって、まちので

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The entire enti-fascist youth is interested in uniting and organising its forces. Therefore, you, Courados, must find such ways, such forms and methods of "wart" as will assure the formation in the capitalist countries, of a new type of mass youth organisation, to which me vital interest of the toiling youth will be alian; organisations which without co, ying the Communist Farty, will fight for all the interests of the youth, will bring up the youth in the spirit of the class struggles, of proletarian interesticalism, in the opirit of Marxim-Leninism.

The Ising Communist Leagues must strive in every way to unite the forces of all the men-fascist mass youth organisations to the point of forming various kinds of joint organisations for the fight against fascism - for druning these young workers to the side of the 'enti-fasciste' frunt, no matter where they are to be found.

The Congress states that the Young Communist International will give every possible support to the youth novement against fascism and war in any country. The Young Communist International will also give active sup out to the account directed toward the organization of a Norld Neet (World Youth Congress to be held in New York) and the establishment of the constant interrational cellaboration among progressive youth.

The American Youth Congress has held four important sessions during the past four years and in each case reports were sent to the World International Congress telling of the progress that Communica is making among the youth of this country. Thus, Gilbert Green, of the Young Communist League of America, reported to the Seventh World Congress of the Communist International in Mospow.

\*We found (in the Youth Congress) many youth who were ready to scoperate with us against war and Faseism, but who are not yet ready to demonstrate in the streets. That does not mean that we must have less street actions of the youth, but it does mean that we must also halp develop those forms and methods of struggle that these wide masses, due to custions and habit, can ascent as their own, and gradually lead then to more developed actions and more militant struggles. では、10mmのでは、1

\*Goarado Binitrov has in the sharpest manner placed before the Young Communist League the need for penetrating these enganisations (large mass youth organisations controlled or influenced by the bourgooise). However, it is necessary to understand how the Young Communist Leagues are to work in those organisations so as to avoid past errors. Our Young Communist Leagues must enter those organisations not with the purpose of destroying or weak-ening them but to work to transform them from centers of bourgoois influence into centers for united-front struggle, of proletarian influence.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

May 31, 1939

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I have been told that you have so information on the American Youth Congress, either recently or taken some time ago, which would indicate a number of people are either Communists or Fascists. I would be extremely grateful for any information which you can give me on the subject.

Very sincerely yours,

- Chaus Porcaule Eleanot Roosevelt

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# - 9606 TO LIVE CONTRACTOR OR

# TO DIE

The H-Bomb Versus Mankind

Public Statements by

# ALBERT SCHWEITZER

Pope Pius XII Albert Einstein

Eleanor Roosevelt Walter, Reuther

Nobusuko Kishi

Linus Pauling

Bertrand Russell

Eugen Dennis

F. Joliot Gurie

Adla Stevenson

and Others

with a Foreword by W. E. BHOU BOIS

## Eleanor Roosevelt

". . . The question is whether we could not accept the offer which, if I remember rightly, already has been made by the Soviet Union to abandon these tests.

"So far we have known whenever the Soviet has set off hydrogen bomb explosions. They are like an earthquake; they register all over the world. . . . I would be willing to take

the small risk involved in not having an inspection system. ". . . It requires the experience the Japanese have had to make people feel strongly about doing something-and doing it now-to end nuclear bomb tests, which may be harming us far more than we know."

## Dr. Linus Pauling Nobel Prize Winner

"An international agreement to stop the tests would stop the spread of these weapons and would be a first step toward general disarmament. Inspection is simple. No large bomb can be detonated without detection. . .

The bomb tests that have been made so far will ultimately have caused the deaths of about one million persons in the world. These one million persons will have died 10 or 20 or 30 years earlier than their life span because the radiation has produced bone cancer, leukemia or some other disease.

These bomb tests will also cause the birth of 200,000 seriously defective children in the next generation of human beings, children with serious mental deficiency or serious

physical defects.

If the Christmas Island tests are carried out and one superbomb, with five megatons equivalent of fission, is exploded, it will cause the deaths from cancer and other diseases of 100,000 persons now in the world and will increase by 20,000 the number of seriously defective children born in the next generation.

TOLL CALLS TO

PRIVATE PHONE

Legal Agent advised SA
on February 18, 1958, that the private phone installed
in the apartment of on October 11, 1957
had not been charged with any toll calls from its. date
of installment to that date.

T-1 advised on February 27, 1958, that had a gathering of approximately 12 or 14 people

MA

in her apartment the evening of February 21, 1958, and that one of the members of this gathering was who remained that evening as a guest at the Hotel Marcy.

The informant continued that received the following correspondence on the dates indicated:

rebruary 15, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 20, 1958

February 21, 1958



# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIFFERING., FRI

DATE: 47711 20, 1955

SUBJECT:

Lisison Representative Salatura, <u>Auc</u>tria

Espionage - R

Permas 3/21/55.

On March 22, 1955, according to information received by G-2, U. S. Forces in Austria on April 14, 1955, ETA GENELISM: was interviewed by Captain R. A. George, Vienna Command. George's memorandum covering that interview is set forth as follows:

PLANES OF CONTRACTION

\*PARTICIPANTS: Capt, . . George (VIAC) -Eva GRIPPEISE: aka Eva Frant (Girlfriend of Alfred Sokolowski)

"This woman believes that although Sokolowski had many girlfriends, he had no serious intentions toward any except herself. She most emphatically states that it is out of the question that Sokolowski was employed as a Soviet agent. Concerning the Soviet allegations that he was a spy or war criminal in the Soviet sense, she did not deny these possibilities.

MGRIDWISK! departed for the United States on one of her usual visits approximately November 15, 1954. During Sokolowski's State pepartment-sponsored visit to the U. S. he had been given a letter of introduction to Ers. Franklin D. Roosevelt by Payor Jones. GREMEISEN had met Lirs. Roosevelt and a Lirs Leach (criech) through Sokolowski. Upon hearing of Sokolowski's arrest while in America, GRIDIEISEN contacted Wrs. Roosevelt and asked her assistance in this matter. Mrs. Roosevelt, while sympathetic, stated that she would intervene only with the concurrance of Mayor Jonas. Two days after the incident GRELLISE wrote Mayor Jonas on this caestion, and she received his reply a week later to the effect that while she meant well, no action should be initiated. GRITEISEN stated that the Layor's letter was "cold and formal".

WGIRTHISH, was told by the Austrian Consulate in New York not Tto return to Austria, but during the middle of February she was told she could proceed as far as Salzburg. She went, however, to Kitzbuehel (Tyrol) and spent a week there. GRECEISE! has been in Vierna for approximately four (4) weeks, where she has been in constant touch with Dr. Feterlunger.

CAM-mal

6 5 MAY 12 1955

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Letter to Director

The following information indicates subject's ability to ingratiate herself with persons of prominence.

# Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

, Security Exchange Commission, advised that in connection with a dinner held at the White House, Washington, D. C. on March 18, 1941, an acquaintance informed him that the list of suggested guests was submitted to Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT by VIOLA ILMA. stated that VIOLA ILMA repays contributions to her youth movement by getting them such invitations and SERGE RUEENSTEIN, well-known financier, who has since been convicted of draft-dodging, had contributed heavily to VIOLA ILMA's erganization in order to get such invitations. The above dinner on March 18, 1941 was given by Mrs. ELEAHOR ROOSEVELT for "Leaders in Young Men's Vocational Foundation of New York and its Executive President, Miss VIOLA ILMA."

Files of the "New York Times" reflect that on March 19, 1941, an article relates how VIOLA ILMA was entertained at a White House dinner given by Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANG HOOSEVELT, for leaders of the Young Men's Vocational Foundation.

in his statement dated 6/27/52, advised that he and the subject were guests of Mr. and Mrs. FRANKLIM DELANO ROOSEVELT at the White House, Washington, D. C., for three days and three nights in early May, 1943.

1. W. W. F. - W. W.

The Attorney General

December 22, 1945

Director, FBI

PROSECUTION OF CONTUNET MARTY FUNCTIONARIES BEING THE BUITE ACT

I thought you might be interested in the attached article entitled Purs. FLR And 41 Others Call For Annesty, Ealt Smith Act Trials" which appeared in the "Daily Borker" of December 21, 1955.

This article reflects that a petition for a "Christmas Annesty" for Communist Party leaders convicted under the Smith Act "commuting the sentence of 16 men and women now in prison to time already served" and a plea for postponement of trial in the more than 100 cases now pending either in trial courts or appeals courts, have been sent to President Fischhower at Gettyaburg by a number of well-known citizens. The article lists the di individuals, in addition to President Planck Peacewelt, who closed the petition.

INDEXE 15

# Ars. FDR and 41 Others Call for Imnesty, Halt Smith Act Trials



MUMFORD



MRS. FDR



THOMAS

MARKE

Wash. Post and : Times Herald Wash. News \_\_\_\_

Wash. Star \_\_\_\_ N. Y. Herald \_\_\_

Tribune
N. Y. Mirror

The Worker \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_DEC. 2.1.1955

12/22/35



A petition for a "Christmas amnesty" for Communist Party leaders convicted under the Smith Act "commuting the sentence of 16 men and women now in prison to time already served," and a plea for post-ponement of trial in the soore than 100 cases now pending either in trial courts or appeals courts, have been sent to President Eisenhower at Gettysburg by a number of well-known citizens.

Signers include: Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt; Dean John C. Bennett of Union Theological Seminary; Lewis Mumford, Norman Thomas Elmer Rice, playwright; Chaplain John M. Krumm of Columbia University; Stephen Cary, secretary of the American Section, American Friends Service Committee, Philadelphia; Henry Steele Commager, Columbia University, A. J. Muste

and others.

The petitioners point out that they are in fundamental disagreement with the philosophy of the postponement of trials in the 200 Communist Party and with essential elements in its program and are motivated in their present action by their attachment to the democratic way of life.".

The statement quotes the dissenting opinion of Justice Black when the conviction of the 11 top Communist Party leaders was before the Supreme Court to the effect that the defendants were not charged with "acts of any kind designed to overthrow the government" nor with "saying or writing anything "designed to ac-complish that objective but only with the purpose to "use speech or newspapers in the future to teach and advocate the forcible overthrow of the government."

It is pointed out that recently the Supreme Court has agreed to consider review of the California convictions under the Smith Act. It is urged that an amnesty now would give proof of our con-Tidence in democratic institutions, and would contribute to world seace by encouraging and inspir-ing the friends of the United States and winning new ones.

The Matement said in part:

We respectfully urge you rant an amnosty commu

entence of the 16 men and women w in prison under the mith et Alien Registration A 940) time already served, and o use your influence to secure the court of Appeals Court decision: under the Act.

Those who present this petition are, in fundamental disagree ment with the philosophy of th Communist Party and with essen tial elements in its program and are motivated in their present action by their attachment to the democratic way of life and the desire to maintain and strengthen

"We call attention to Supreme Court Justice Black's description of the character of the Smith Act and the trial of Communist Pasty leaders under it in his dissenting opinion.

"Recently the Supreme Court itself by agreeing to review the California Smith Act prosecutions has recognized the appropriateness of a second look at the Act.
"Among the 16 for whom we

are 'requesting' a Christmas 'amnesty are elderly and ill persons The indictments and conviction in these cases were carried through in a period of the cold war an in an atmosphere often marked by hysteria. Fortunately, in recen months conditions have changed for the better and there is a not



The Passport files also reflected that the Passport Office advised the subject on 5/31/49 that his application for renewal for Passport Number was being disapproved. The Passport files reflected that the subject had various people contact the Passport Office on his behalf, including Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO CONSEVELT, in an attempt to have the Passport Office renew his passport.

- 2 -

The subject told the informant that he recalled attending the Fifth All-Southern Negro Youth Congress held at Tuskegee, Alabama, from April 17, to April 22, 1912, at which he spoke to the Congress as a representative of the TWU. He stated that his recollection of this conference was very clear inasmuch as he sat on the platform next to Mrs. FRANKIIN DELANS ROCCIVELT, who also addressed the conference.

7-12

The Southern Negro Youth Congress has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States as being an organisation falling within the purview of Executive Order 10450.

It was reported that the Americans All rally held in Milwaukee on October 28, 1941, was a part of a Mational Americans All Week which was sponsored by Mrs. FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT and a number of others.

ELT

N. Y. TIMES

SEP 7 1956

UNIT FOR STAN ASON

Pormation of the New York Committee for Stevenson and Kefauver was announced yester-

Thomas R. Finletter, former Air Force Secretary, and Mrs. Anna thesenberg, former War Manpower Directer in the Truman Administration, will be cochairmen of the organisation. They previously headed the New York State Stevenson for Francisco Committee.

Honorary chairmen will be Mrs. Franklin D-Rocsevell, Senator Herbert H. Lehmen, former Pestimaster General James A. Farley, Mrs. Fiorello LaGuardia and former Police Commissioner Francis W. H. Adams, Mrs. Le-Guardia supported Fresident Eisenhower in 1852.

The committee will seek support of nonorganizational Demoerats and independents for the election of Adlai E. Stevenson for President and Senator Estes Refauvel of Tennasse for Vice President, it will poordinate its work with the sufe Democratio

and Liberal parties.

Other committee efficers are:
chairman of the executive committee.

Our Canfield, executive
of the publishing concern of Harper & Bros.; treasurer, Sam Harris, New York lawyer; executive
chairman, John J. B. Shen, lawyer and former president of the
Lexington Democratic Club.

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INDEXED-82

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**51** SEP 13 1956

26. 1.

REGISTERED IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

FACTS TO

AT COMMUNISM

29 BROADWAY, MEW YORK 6, WEW YORK

Vol. 9, No. 24

- 97 -

June 24, 1955

## BASEBALL AND THE DAILY WORKER

Twice, recently, columns in the <u>Daily Worker</u> have expressed extreme annoyance with <u>Counterattack</u> for, of all things, its attitude toward coverage of baseball in the Communist press. Specifically, the columns take exception to this newsletter's editorial suggestion that in according the <u>Daily Worker</u>'s sports columnist the full privileges of locker room and club house, major league ball clubs were simply lending a hand to Communism's daily press in this country. The fact that <u>Daily Worker</u> sports coverage might be called one of the few "non-controversial" parts of the paper (although it actually isn't) makes the assist even more valuable inasmuch as sports coverage is one of the main things upon which the paper tries to sustain its myth of being "just" a newspaper.

"Slimy little blacklist sheet" run by "former FBI men out for a quick buck," is a sample of the kindnesses paid <u>Counterattack</u> in the <u>Daily Forker</u> criticism. Lester roomey, the <u>sports columnist</u> in question, was the author of that particular bouquet. Rodney hastened to add that the <u>New York Post</u> echoed his wrath against <u>Counterattack</u> for objecting to Communist reporters receiving full accreditation from the baseball clubs. Now, with the baseball season in full swing, however, it is time again to risk this wrath.

This year, as in the past, Lester Rodney will be asked, along with other members of the Baseball Writers Association, to vote for those players he deems most worthy of going into the Baseball Hall of Fame. (In another sports balloting, incidentally, Rodney is one of the writers asked to vote in the United Press poll of basketball teams.)

And, this year, as in all his years in the Communist press, Rodney will liberally sprinkle his coverage of American sports with choice Communist line foul balls all over left field. He has ranted against baseball management as "jimcrow" and anti-Negro despite grudging admission of some progress. He has, in fact, turned practically every sporting event into an arena for displaying Communist-line race and class struggles.

His Olympic coverage is replete with praise for Soviet entries with emphasis on what Soviet athletics "prove". Currently, the line is that we can compete peacefully in sports so why not peacefully in all else. Rodney has not yet covered to any great extent the sporting activities of the Red Chinese in their massacres of American soldiers or of their current playful detention of American soldiers despite the Korean truce.

Before urging specific actions concerning Lester Rodney and Communist sports coverage, pertinent questions are in order. They are questions that

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A. E. Cullen, Vice-President; L. F. Budenz, Contributing Editor.

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mimeographed bulletin announcing that it is reprinting in full the Soviet disarmament proposals as placed before the United Nations, the 12-page, well-printed reprint itself (in pamphlet form), and an announcement of a Council discussion at the Cornish Arms Hotel in New York City. Guest speakers for the discussion, which is about coexistence, are listed as the Rev. William Howard Welish, whose record of Communist Front affiliation is long and well known and Kumar Soshal, touted recently in the Daily Worker as "a well known authority on colonialism."

The Mational Guardian. This weekly, vitriolic spreader of the Party line is the paper whose editor. Cedric melfrage, was identified as a Soviet agent and is now under a deportation order. It also is the paper through which the Red Chinese, during the Korean war, released American prisoner of war lists which, in turn, were used to bring pressure against families of POWs for "peace" statements. In a letter to "friends" of the paper, it is revealed that "you have probably read between the lines (of published <u>Guardian</u> fund appeals) that our situation is more critical than we care to say in the columns of the paper."

The most critical part of the picture, the appeal explains, is a \$9,000 revolving debt to the printer of the paper. About the possibly significant extent of lawyers fees to fight the case of the paper's Soviet-aligned editor; there is not a single word.

A special reason for needing the money is explained as the job of "getting out a much-needed paper, which costs lots more than its 6 cents a week subscription price (but whose price must be kept) down to reach new readership cheaply and easily."

In return for support, the paper offers visions of great things to come, and quickly. "This summer ahead," the fund appeal states, "is the most promising one in years, for peace, for exposing and ending the informer racket, for getting back on the track of the New Deal."

New York Committee for Protection of Foreign Born. As a key segment of the nationwide Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, the New York group is trying to raise \$2,000 as its part of a national quota to pay the bills for opposing designation of the committee as a Communist front by the Subversive Activities Control Board.

Actually, the hearings would only put the final legal cap on a designation that already has been officially and frequently earned by the committee. The Special Committee on Un-American Activities of the House of Representatives, as far back as 1944 cited the committee as "one of the oldest auxiliaries of the Communist Party..." Attorney General Clark, in 1948, cited the group as "subversive and Communist". The California state committee on un-American activities has similarly characterized it.

Despite this, as pointed out by this newsletter on March 18, this Communist front continues to attract such supporters as Mrs. Franklin Roosevelt who, earlier this year, wrote that she had and was continuing to give money to the group up until this year.

The key charges that the committee says it now wants to fight with the money it is soliciting are: that it defended the Soviet agent Gerhart Eisler;

of



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Raply, Plance Refer to Pile No. WASHINGTON SEA. & August 8, 1957

On August 8, 1957, an informant one has furnished reliable information in the part, advised that on the same date Leah Levy, Secretary to Israeli Ambassador Abber Doan, contacted Mrs. Eleanor-Rossevelt of Ryde Park, New York, to advise that Ambassador Eban would like to meet with Mrs. Rossevelt prior to Eban's return trip to Israel in the immediate future. Levy explained that Eban had been instructed by Israeli Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golds Seir, to meet with Mrs. Rossevelt before his return to Israel.

Informant related that Mrs. Roosevelt, who indicated that she is leaving for Russia in the near future, invited Eban to lunch at Hyde Park, Mrw York, on Sunday, August 11, 1957, and noted that Eban should bring his wife and anyone else he wished. Lavy accepted the invitation for Eban.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C. August 8, 1957

On August 8, 1957, an informant, who was furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on the same date, subsequent to arrangements being made for Israeli Ambassador Abbarban to have lunch with Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt In Hyde Park, New York, on Sunday, August 11, 1957

Worganization No. 43 — United China Relief, 1790 Broadway, New York City. I accepted an invitation from PEARL BUCK, dated April 2, 1941, to be a member of the Woman's Committee of United China Relief. The letter head on which this request appeared carried the names of Mr. HENRY LUCE, JOHN D.-ROCKEFELIER 3rd, and Mrs. FRANKLIN RODSEVELT. I accepted this request as a wartime chty, and had no further association with the organization. Namen queried about this organization I telephoned their office and was informed that all such committees had become quiescent when the general zer chest plan went through. I accepted the invitation under the impression that the names on the letter head guaranteed that this was what it purported to be — a relief organization which was being given support by the community.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CEICAGO	CHICAGO	12-14-56	26-30;12/3/56	
TITLE OF CASE  CEICAGO JOINT DEFENSE COMMITTEE TO DEFEAT THE SMITH ACT		REPORT MADE BY		TYPED BY
		CHARACTER OF CASE		

The Chicago Joint Defense Committee to Defeat the Smith Act (CJDC) maintains offices in Room 402, 189 W. Madison Street, Chicago. Officers are LEON KATZEN, Chairman, JOHN T. BERNARD, Vice Chairman, GERALDYNE LIGHTFOOT, Projects Director, and RICHARD CRILEY, Publicity and Research. Portions of funds used to run Committee are from Communist Party (CP) budget. Aims and purposes of CJDC continue to center around fund-raising for

Smith Act defendants and publicity to defeat the Smith Act. CP line in defense of Smith Act defendants compared with CJDC line.

YNOFEIS:

# IV. STATED AIMS AND PURPOSES

In May, 1956, the CJDC published a leaflet captioned "What Is The 'Price of Liberty'?" This leaflet reads in part as follows:

"Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.

The Geneva Conference neared a turning point, not only for world affairs, but also for the defense of liberty at home. Here is a brief summary of some of the main developments over the last year and a half:

1. JOE MC CARTHY deflated

MC CARTHY . . . lost his power to terrorise his opponents and stay in the front page headlines.

2. McCarthyism still continued

Att'y General BROWNELL, J. E. HOOVER, Senator JAMES EASTLAND and others try to continue McCarthyism. without the name. Under the Smith Act, the McCarran Act and the McCarran-Walter Immigration Act and Congressional Committee, the assault on the Bill of Rights continued.

- 3. Mrs. F. D. ROOSEVELT . . . and other prominent Americans asked for amnesty for Smith Act prisoners and a moratorium on further indictments and arrests.
  - 4. Informer racket badly shaken

HARVEY MATUSOW, followed by other recanting informers, blew the lid off the use of FBI professional stool pigeons and exposed the inside workings of the political frame-ups.

5. Megro people marched toward freedom

The historic decision of the Supreme Court outlawing segregation in the schools raised to a new level the centuries-old battle for equal rights.

Memolus.

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

PROM

SAC, MEW YORK

SUBJECT:

PAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA

**)**!

Reny teletype to the Bursau, 5/22/61 and Bursau airtel to My, 5/21/61.

made available on 5/21/61, and 5/22/61, material maintained at the headquarters of the Fair Flay for Cuba Committee, Room 329, 799 Broadway, Wy, MY. This material was names and addressed of individuals and organizations maintained on addressograph plates. This particular group of names and addresses pertain only to the MYC area.

For the information of the Bureau asse the cards used on the addressograph machinemmide available by upon which the names and addresses of individuals throughout the country ASS being destroyed by the MYO. All the names have been submitted to the interested offices.

The enclosed list of names in the NYC area has been endexed by the NYO:

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of the list

38

JUL 21 196

Mars. FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT Rydo Park He Tyork

# "5. United China Relief

"I accepted an invitation from Pearl Buck, dated April 2, 1941, to be on the Women's Committee for that year. The letterhead of the organization carried the name of Mr. Henry Luce, John D. Rockefeller III, and Mrs. F.D. Roosevelt.

- 3 -

<u>1.</u>

## APPENDIX

## UNITED CHINA RELIEF

In June, 1947,

Incorporated, formerly known as "United China Relief, Incorporated", had been infiltrated by the Communists.

In 1949, this source was recontacted and advised that the stove information was obtained from persons intimately familiar with the internal affairs of this organization. These persons reported "that two of the coordinating agencies within the framework of the above organizations have been identified as Communist dominated organizations".

This source advised that these persons requested their identity not be disclosed. He said, however, that all are prominent persons and are of known reliability.

# Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

PROM DIA SAC, BALTIMORE

SUBJECT:

DATE: September 30, 1954

National Youth Congress while at GWU and has on various occasions attended meetings at the White House with Mrs. - F. D. MOOSEVELT.

14

. Baumgardner

# Office Mer. w. w. ulum • UNITED ST

**JVERNMENT** 

· L. V. Boardman

DATE: March 22, 1954

FROM : A. H. Belmon

SUBJECT: VALTER WINCHELL SIMULCAST (RADIO - TELEVISION)
March 21, 1954 54 1.1

# WINCHELL SAID:

This week's issue of "News-Week" magazine says "Don't be surprised if McCarthy calls a well-known columnist and a Washington correspondent, both McCarthy supporters, to support charges against Army Secretary Stevens. To counter this the Army may charge that the columnist tried three times to wangle a commission for David Schine."

P. S. The columnist mentioned by "News-Week" cannot possibly be Walter Winchell.

## COMMENT:

None.

## WINCHELL SAID:

A new book due in the stores on March 30, entitled "McCarthy and His Enemies," by William Buckley, Jr., and Brent-Mozell (phonetic) is a wonderful documentation of all arguments both for and against McCarthy.

# COMMENT:

None.

# WINCHELL SAID:

The Communists think they have us on the ropes with the two major parties fighting over how to fight Communism and whether a Junior Senator got a "Buck Private," a week-end pass.

JWL: jla

( APIL 0 1954)

He also stated that President Boosevelt and his wife did not know that Lash was a Communist. Joe Lash is one of the top opinion molders, and has been for many years, for the "New York Post."

### COMMENT:

Joseph P. Lash was formerly the Mational Secretary of the American Student Union (ASU). The Special Committee on Un-American Activities, as well as other committees, has cited ASU as a Communist front. Lash was a close acquaintance of Ws. F. D. Roosevelt and lived for a time at the White House. Lash was recently employed as the United Nations correspondent for the "New York Post."

Jiv

# Mrs. Roosevelt Withdraws OK

MELBOURNE, Australia, Nov. 25 (AP) — Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt today with a few her support from the Australian and New Zealand Concress for

International Co-operation and

Disarmament.

In a letter to Congress organizers published in Melbourne papers. Mrs. Rooseveit said she had learned the Congress "concentrates its energy in demanding disarmament on one side of the Iron Curtain and not on the other.

"Since I believe that disarmament can only come about through co-operation among all interested nations, I cannot indorse your program and must therefore withdraw my previous support.

"I hope you will remove my name from all publicity in connection with your efforts."

The Congress, which Australian government leaders claim is Communist controlled, had made extensive use of Mrs. Rooseveit's name and a message of support she sent to organisers.

The Congress adjourned here November 11 but voted in its final sessions to establish a permanent body to organize similar congresses elsewhere in Australia and the Boutheast Pacific.

The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star 1

New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Daily News
New York Daily News
New York Daily News
The New York Times
The Worker
The Worker
The Worker
The Worker
The Washington Daily News
The Worker
The Worker
The Washington Daily News

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NEU- 38

58 DEC 41959

MOV 25 1959

The Washington Post and

Times Herald

rs.Roosevelt Asks Swift Builder



DR. RALPH BUNCHE

By JOSEPH P. LASH

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt vigorously defended Ralph J. Bunche today and called on the loyalty board to complete investispeedily.

"It seems to me that a man's record when he has served his country and the UN so well should preclude any lengthy ex-amination for loyalty," Mrs.

amination for noyaity, arra-Ecoseveit asserted.

It was "obvious," she con-tinued, that Bunche could not have such "a good record of service without loyaity."

prompt vindication of Bunche hey, because of his example, was echoed by Walter White, ex-

ecutive secretary of the National Association for the Advancemen of Colored People.

Of Colored reopie.

"Millions of Americans w
join in urging swift and ur
quivocal action to end this w

quivocal action to end this un-seemly farce," White said.

He expressed shock that any question should be raised about Bunche's loyalty.

"As a lifelong opponent of communism," he added, "I gladly

stake whatever reputation I may possess on Dr. Bunche's unqual

ified loyalty and integrity."
White observed that all over mave such "a good record of service without loyalty."

The former First Lady deplored "the length of time" Bunche had been "kept under in "among the two-thirds of the quiry," and said this was "a peoples of the world who are criticism not of Dr. Bunche, but non-white" the Nobel Peace Prize of our methods of investigations."

Mrs. Roosevelt's demand for prompt vindication of Bunche was echoed by Walter White. "They, because of his example, have been encouraged to perfect to service."

tion of further hearings could be had the chance to deal with their

Both Bunche's counsel, Ernest . Gross, who formerly served as deputy U. S. representative at the UN, and Pierce J. Gerety, the chairman of the loyalty board, refused all comment.

le follow Communist propaganda and to continue to have faith
in democracy," White said.

There were indications today
that Bunche's 12-hour session
with the International Organizations Employes Loyalty Board on
Tuesday had not finished the
matter, but no official confirms—
tion of further hearings could be had the chance to deal with their hostile testimony directly.

Secretary General Hammarsk-jold, intends to promote Bunche, who is now Director of the Trusteeship Division, to Deputy Un-der-Secretary General under a reorganization plan that is about

board, refused all comment.

Bunche himself was unavail. ready to be announced.

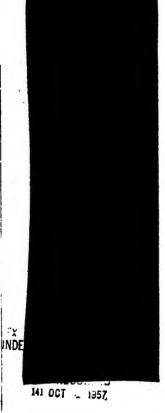
Some UN observers were sugable. He had gone to Washington to attend last night's White
getting yesterday that the long
in honor of Eminguity into Bunche's loyalty and
four that it was leaked into Meanwhile, it was learned that it be press via Washington viere sunche's marathon session with part of a move to make it diffibe board on Tuesday was as cult for Hammerskjold to elegate nuch an opportunity as an the liberal Bunche to a top apot in the organization.



Franklin D. Roosevelt at Idlewild Airport yesterday.

# Mrs. Roosevelt In, Says Force Can't Beat Reds

Sprited States can triumph over THER students of Russian af-the Russians, not by force but fairs to "study history as you only by being "far better than have never studied it before."



Wash, Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Journal
American
N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News
N. Y. Times
Daily Worker
The Worker
New Leader
Man Dannay
Date

# Mrs. Roosevelt Senses Pride in RussianPeople 🔑

Unsmilling citizens walk she almost antiseptic streets of Bussia, Mrs. Franklin B. Roosevelt said yesterday, but she hammered we was wist sold go so with full stomachs and a sense of accomplishment.

Mrs. Roosevelt, who has recently returned from a trip to the Soviet Union, pictured life in the USSR as somewhat similar

the Boylet Omon, partial as the boylet of George Orwell in "1984," while ment is strict to the point of Breasing the obvious accomstrangulation, but "it does prolishments of the nation.

\*Describing Communist school- duce results," she said. ing, the speaker acknowledged Strict government supervision, sut told a United Nations Week encheon here that " . . . there s something that smacks of freedom in getting an educa-

retched the public health set-p under Red rule.

tren under care for 1856-57, ties here n connection with he mly one baby under one year world body's founding 12 years has lost. es claim that of 19,000 chilren under care for 1956-57.

And in the 16-years-and-uner category (for the same pop-lation segment) but four chilbren died.

Mrs. Roosevelt contrasted this brilliant record with the almost non-existent medical acilities under Tsarist rule.

She told nearly \$00 listeners in the Mayflower Hotel that accomplishments of this sort deeply impress visitors from under-developed countries to the Soviet Union.

"The Soviets can say We inderstand—that's just where we were 40 years ago," Mrs. consevelt said.

She said that, by an apparent daptation of Pavlov's theories, he Red leaders had produced a Psubmissive and highly dis-stplined populace."

### Likened to Janus

Seen through the eyes of Mrs. conevelt, the USSR develops a dual entity, similar to the loman god Janus.

The course of the severe

Mrs. Roosevelt said that "fear of our adversary is unconstructive" and pressed for greater understanding.

In concluding her address, Mrs. Roosevelt said that "the Turning to another aspect of strength or the United Assaults for yet life, Mrs. Roosevett in the hands of its member nations, and that no government of the control of the ment can accomplish much

moder Red rule.

Becords Cited without the support and will of the people."

In the "Leningrad district Mrs. Roocevelt's talk highlone, ahe said, health authorilighted week-long U. N. actyri-

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NOT RECORDED 141 OCT SO 1957

Wash. Post and Times Herald
Wash. News 472 Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Journal-
American
N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News
N. Y. Times
Daily Worker
New Leader

<del>001 2 4 1957</del>



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FL\_ARAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT N\_

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. June 21, 1962

The April, 1962, issue of the "Diplomatic List"; a publication of the United States Department of State, lists Dmitri D. Muraviev (Muravev) as a First Secretary at the Embassy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Washington, D. C.

On June 20, 1962, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised he learned on that date that Muravev is planning to visit Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt in Hyde Park, New York, on July 3, 1962. According to the source, Muravev stated Mrs. Roosevelt had invited him to bring his wife with him, and to plan to stay ever July 4th. Muravev added that planned to visit her.

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

A. H. Bellagn

PROM :

SUBJECT:

MENSON DE CONTRA

Mr. R. R. Rosch

DATE: December 16, 1957

also provided a copy of background material concerning the organisation, noted as Perivate Enterpathment for United Nations Deligations" under the auspices of which reportedly had his social contact with the Rumanians. Tuts indicates that the organization has been functioning since June, 1954, mostly

Diclosures 6

Memorandum Mr. Boach to Mr. Belmont

around New York City; that it has office space in the United Nations building and that it has made an effort to avoid publicity. Since its inception, it has conducted over 400 social events and entertained approximately 1500 people connected with the United Nations. Its stated aim is to increase good will and understanding between Americans and representatives of the United Nations member states. It is affiliated with the National Council of Nomen of the United States, Inc. This background material forwarded by Lodge was furnished to the U.S. Mission in New York City by the organization itself.

Called attention to the fact that the names of several women who are the principal figures in this social program appear in the background material and he said that State desired to know the results of a check of Bureau files on these names. He also stated that in the future the State Department would probably desire to have



other names of persons connected with this program checked through



our files.

# PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT FOR UNITED NATIONS DELEGATIONS

In June 1954, at the suggestion of the United States Mission and the National Council of Women of the United States, the United National Home Hospitality Group was established to provide an apportunity for delegates and their families to meet Americans on an informal basis in their homes, both in the city and in the country meanty. The group worked directly with the Chief of Protocola of the United Nations and the Limison Officers through whom contacts with delegates were initially made. The hospitality Group carefully selected nostr and hostesses to meet on a personal basis members of delegations with similar interests.

By June 1956, with the increase in membership of the United Nations and the resulting additional load on the Protocol Section, it was recognized that greater service could be remuered by having a professional assistant at the United Nations. With the help of the Chief of Protocol and the approval of the Executive Assistant to the Secretary General, a deak was set up on October 1, 1956 in Room 202 sijacent to the Protocol Section (telephone Phaza 4-1234, extensions 2635 and 3604). This has made it possible to continue in close lisison with that Section and to work more directly with delegates who are coming in increasing numbers to avail themselves of the services of the group, giving a far better opportunity of finding out the real needs and interests of both delegates and their femilies.

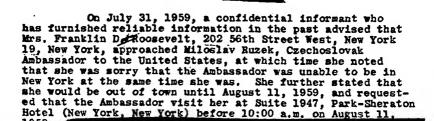
Meetings were held with the united Nations Hospitality Committee of the City of New York under Mrs. Franklin D. Boosevelt and Miss Jeannette Longvear as well as with the Volunteer Services of the Secretariat in order to avoid duplication of effort.



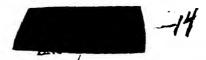
# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Raply, Plance Refer to Plie No. WASHINGTON 35, D. C.

August 6, 1959



COPIES DESTROYED





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New Orleans, Louisiana February 2, 1962

UNKNOWN SUBJECT; THREAT TO BOMB MICHOUD PLANT, (NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION), CHEF MENTEUR HIGHWAY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA FERUARY 2, 1962

On February 2, 1962,

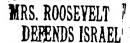
advised that at 3:10 PM the same date, a telephone operator in the communications section of this plant received an anonymous telephone call from what sounded like an elderly man. He said the caller told that he had something that "would blow the plant to Cuba," and that all of the persons in the Michoud Plant Building had better leave within a few minutes. He said the individual did not say there was an explosive in the building but that he made the above inference to that effect. He stated the caller further made some mention to the effect that someone should kidnap the President and his wife, apparently referring to the President of the United States and made some mention of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of former President Roosevelt. The statement concerning Mrs. Roosevelt was not understood by remainder of the conversation was not rational giving the impression the caller was either mentally unbalanced or intoxicated.

FEB 4 1362

ENCLOSURE

No explosion occurred at the above plant on February 2, 1962.

records regarding indicated that had corresponded with Mrs. HANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT in 1944, requesting intervention in the aforementioned hearings and also indicated that corresponded with Honorable CLARE BOOTHE AUCE, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., on June 19, 1944, requesting her to introduce a bill in Congress permitting him to stay in the United States unhampered for the duration of World War II.



States She Believes Nation

Acted in Self-Defense -Assails U. S. Policy

Bectal to The Key Tork Times.

CHICAGO Nov. 2 — Mrs.

Franklin D. Roosevelt declared today that she believed Israel had acted to self-defense in the Middle East and should not be considered an aggressor.

Mrs. Roosevell made the state.

ment in a news conference. She came to Chicago to participate Adiai E. Stevenson's cam-

paign wind-up.

I do not consider that Israel
Is an aggressor," Mrs. Roosevelt
anid, "She acted in self-defense." Mrs. Roosevelt declared that Israel had increasingly become beleaguered" as a result of the Eisenhower policy of permitting arms to flow to the Arab states

while refusing Israel permission
to buy equivalent weapons.

Mrs. Roosevelt declared that
she regarded Mr. Stevenson's prospects of carrying New York improved by the Middle Eastern crisis. She said there had been a sharp rise in Democratic organization activity in the state in the last week.

She Voices Optimism

As to Mr. Stevenson's prop-pects of winning on Tuesday, Mrs. Roosevelt said that "I'm very optimistic."

"I'm very sure," she said, "that if the American people know the truth they will vote for a

change."

She exprissed the "greatest peoper."

She exprissed the "greatest peoper."

Shower as a fine general and a wery good man," but, she said.

"I do not have the same respect for the President as a policy."

She said that as a general he had been carrying and policies made by others. In response to a question, Mrs. Roosevek said that her husband,

had undergone a complete phy sical examination before running for his fourth term.

"It was a complete examina-tion—just like Mr. Risenhow-er's," she said President Rossevolt died three months after the start of his fourth term.

Stevenson Backed

Mrs. Roosevelt gave strong support to Mr. Stevenson's criticism of the Eisenhower Administration policy in the Middle East. She blamed the Administration for the crisis and mid-Britain and France had been driven into the action that they took through lack of confidence

in United States policy.
the said she believed both nasions were technically guilty of agression. She charged that President Eisenhower had either "deliberately fooled" the American people as to what was going or "or didn't know."

on "or didn't know."

This is shocking and appairing," Mrs. Roosevel said. These Mings don't just happen all of a sudden. Either the Administration has been trying for political reasons to stave off the deluge. per they have lacked knowledge per that was going on. Which is

worse?"

I she said she felt that Britain and France had been "brought to the point of desperation" by Blaited States policy.

"It now leaves up'n the very strange position." she said. "of supporting the Kreinlin and an Expytian dictator against our eldert and strongest allies. It is see brough strange and horrible an fronic, strange and horrible situation." CLIPPING FROM THE

DATED 11/4/56 FORWARDED BY K. Y. DIVINGE

RE: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-ISRAEL

INDEXED - 1

NOT RECORDED 126 NOV 14 .56

" g maga

NOV 1 1 1058

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, informed received correspondence from the following sources directed to his residence address, New York, New York, between June 16, 1952 and July 14, 1952:

MTS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVEIT, 220 West 58 Street, New York 19,

New York

The second of



By Edward T. Folliard

Mrs. Franklin D Roosevelt, held forth at a press confer-disturbed by what she called a ence in the Shoreham Hotel, exdisturbed by what she came here plaining the committee's back-reactionary trend, came here plaining the committee's back-resterday to announce the for-mation of a new, nonpartisan committee flying the liberal

It is called the variantal Le was Tirst Lady, although the sures Committee, and its avowed did seem to have trouble hearing questions asked of her by the path of progress. The committee, which is to raise in a prepared statement, Mrs. \$100,000 for its first year of Roosevelt expressed concern Roosevelt expressed concern

and 816 21st st. nw. Acosevelt, hairman of the committee,

greatly since the time when she anner.

It is called the ational Is was First Lady, although the

> about the situation abroad and at home. She said that "our wational friends throughout the world are beginning to lose confidence in America." The same forces which have blunted the edge of America's world leadership, she anid, are largely responsible for reaction at home—for the talk about a "controlled recession," for all but destroying the Federal bousing program, for abandoning the Hell's Canyon projections ect, and for lost ground in the fields of health and education.

"The conflict in all these areas," Mrs. Roosevelt mid in her prepared statement, "is not one between Republicans and Democrats, for in every case both Republicans and Democrats. ooth Reputierans and Demo-crats will be found on each side. Instead, I feel sure that the whole trend I have outlined results chiefly from 1 lack of See EOOSEVELT, Page 2, Col. 1

NOT RECORDED 98 AUG 21 1952

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Wash, News

Wash, Star

N.Y. Herald Tribune

N.Y. Mirror

N.Y. Compass

Date:

63 SEP 10 195373

## ROOSEVELT-FF.TE I

# Nonpartisan Liberals Band

reliable. straightforward in-actionary trend" last year when

also stems in part from a mias the people. ty which has overtaken us in She said that the National Isfor a tiny minority. .

mower Administration." [Harry W.Schaeter, En She insisted that she was deal Spingarn and Tellord ing primarily with issues, and she said the reporter had to ask himself if President Eisenhower was dealing properly with those issues.

At one point, however, the laughed and did openly disagree with General Eisenhower. A reporter told her hat the Chief Executive, at a news conference. had cited the Tennessee Valley Authority as an example of creeping socialism.

"I don't happen to agree with that," she said.

Mrs. Roosevelt, although ineisting that the National Issues Committee was nonpartisan didn't dispute a reporter's observation that it was top-heavy with Democrats. She said that members of both parties had been invited to join, but that far more Democrats and ac-

Des. Pryor, executive director the committee, said it was hoped that Republicans would accept in time. Pryor used to be a familiar figure in Washington when he was a news commentator for the Columbia Broadcasting System.

Mrs. Roosevelt said that she first became aware of the "re-

formation available to the Harry S. Truman was no the; people. We are going to fill white House. She said that Mr. this gap to the best of our fruman was not at fault; that ability through the National Truman was not at fault; that Issues Committee. bility through one restions:
the real cause was lack of facsures Committee.
"This new, disturbing trend tual information in the hands of

ny which has overtaken us in recent years, dimining our ob- sues Committee began to take jectives and undermining our form last spring in a conference confidence in ourselves and in she had with Philip Schiff, the know-nothing and the Washington representative didemagogue have their oppor-the National Jewish Welfare tunity and make the most of Board. -Schiff is now chairman it, although they weak only. it, although they speak only of the executive board of the

of the executive board of the recommittee.

The task we have set ourselves, therefore, is to redefine the great issues which confront this Nation, to restate them in lapp garth, Man, wilched Besimple and popular terms as objectively as possible, and to can change and confront see to it that the people get, Mary M. Condon, Morris V. the facts whon which the making of sound judgment defended in the people get, Mary M. Condon, Morris V. The facts whon which the making of sound judgment defended in the statement wasn't, the properties of the people get, and the statement wasn't, the properties of the statement wasn't, the particular of the people get, and the statement wasn't, the properties of the statement wasn't, the particular of the people get, and the statement wasn't, the properties of the statement wasn't the statem



Times-Herald	
Wash, Post	
Wash, News	
Wash. Star	
N.Y. Herald Tribune	
N.Y. Nirror	

N.Y. Compass

Date:

## FEDERAL BURZAU OF INVESTIGATION

This case originated at BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA (1991)

File Eo.

	7110 0030 0.113111000 0					
- 1	Report Made At	Date When Made	_Period For	Report Made	By	
- 1	•		Thich Made			
1	NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA	6/23/41	4/17, 81,22,	*		
-		5 320 6	29,30 / 5/1,	•		
1		500	12/47			
	Title			Character of	CASE	
-	5			•	*	•
	SOUTHERN CONFERENCE	e for Human well	ARE			<u> </u>
		.:		}		
- 7				ł		

Symposis of Facts:

Subject organization not registered or incorporated in the state of Louisiana.

former Tulane University Professor, was Field Chairman for subject organization.

revealed as Vice-Chairman of Finance Committee of subject organization. Purpose of organization reported to be the "Uniting of forces in the South that are trying to bring about better working conditions and greater democracy to all of the working people of the South." Information set out concerning individuals connected with subject organization in Louisians. Investigation reveals no activity on part of organization in the state of Louisians.

According to the report submitted by N-2, the first conference of subject organization was held at Birmingham, Alabama in Novamber, 1938, at which Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT was one of the honored speakers. The report reiflects that the program was dominated by radicals,

#### DETAILS: AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

I. ORGANIZATION, SCOPE, AND GENERAL ACTIVITIES

#### A. Organization

#### 1. Headquarters

personally observed that the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated (SCEP), continues to occupy Room 404, 822 results Street, New Orleans. was observed on the same date in the office at the beadquarters of the SCEP.

"The Southern Patriot," official organ of the SCEF, in the April, 1956, issue listed the editorial and executive offices of the SCEF as Room 404, 822 Perdido Street, New Orleans 12, Louisiana. The Office of Publication of "The Southern Patriot" is listed in this issue as 150 Tenth Avenus North, Rashville, Tennessee.

# B. Scope of Activities

Confidential Informant T-2, who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available issues of "The Southern Patriot" for the months of December, 1955, and January, February, March and April of 1956, which reflect that the acope of the activities of the SCEF continues to be the publication of "The Southern Patriot."

The January, 1956, issue, Volume 14, No. 1, page 1, eclumn 1, carried an article entitled "The SCEF: 1946-56, A Brief History, A Proud Record," which set forth a chronological summary of SCEF projects over the past ten years which is set forth as follows:

TA reception by the SCEF honored Madame YIJAYA
LAKSHMI PANDIT, Ambassador of India, Mrs. FRANKLIN D.
PROOSEVELT, and Mrs. MARY MC LEOD BETRUNE.

-6-

# Office Mema........... • UNITED ST/ \_\_\_\_ERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FEI

DATE: April 9, 1956

FROM . SAC, CRIC..GO

SUBJECT:

"CHANGED"
LYERICH: ASSOCIATION FOR THE BUTTLD TOTALLY INC., (
I THOSE WITH BEEN THE
CETALSO DIVISION

The title of this case is being marked changed to reflect the present official name of the organization.

DIRECTOR, FBI

RE: AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED METIONS, INC., ILLINOIS AND GREATER CHIC.GO DIVISION

The Liaison Committee of the United Nations Association is schedul at to hold a conference on April 21, 1956, and it is believed that Mrs. ELEANOR RJOSEVELT will be invited to this conference.

DIRECTOR, FBI

RE: APERICAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED N FIGNS, INC., ILLINOIS AND GREATER CE ICAGO DIVISION

Mrs. FRINKLE: D. ROOSEVELT, Chairman, Board of Governors -

- 6 -

### UNITED STATES G. ERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FEI

DATE: 5/31/60

FROM

SAC. MEW YORK

SUBJECT:

CHANGED

CHANGED COMMITTEE FOR CHILDREN OF NEW YORK ON INC., aka Citizens Committuee on Guildren of New York City, Inc.

INFORMATION CONCERNING

Civize

\*

/ The title is clanged to reflect additional name Citizens Committee on Children of New York City, Inc.

#### Location

The current NYC Telephone Directory for the boroug of Manhattan lists the Citizens Committee for Children of NYC, Inc., at 112 East 19th St., Manhattan, NY, telephone number SPring 7-3800.

#### II. Origin and Purpose

On 5/5/60, at the NY County Clerks Office, NYC, SA examined the Certificate of Incorporation #2202 for the Citizens Committee on Children of NYC, Inc., which certificate was filed 3/16/45. The purpose of the committee was set out as follows:

"To promote the well-being and nappiness of the conildren of NYC and as a means to that end;

To conduct, carry on, sponsor and promote studies, research and investigation with respect to the existence, the cause and method of prevention and removal of conditions adverse to the full growth and development of the bodies, and minds of the children of NYC;

To locate, classify, interpret and evaluate facts, principles and procedures relating to any of the foregoing;

3

المنا المتقار المسام

To publish or cause to be published books, pampileus, magazines, articles, papers, or other publications relains to, or connected with any of the foregoing;

To aid and assis, and to work in conjunction and in cooperation with individuals, groups, corporations, organizations, governments and government agencies of all kinds lawfully engaged in fostering or attaining any of the foregoing purposes;

To do any and all lawful acts and things which may be necessary, useful, suivable, desirable, or proper for the furtherance, accomplishments or attainments of any or all of the foregoing purposes.

The corporation shall not be operated for profit and no part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of any member or individual.

No substantial part of the activity of the comporation shall consist of carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempt to influence legislation."

The following persons were listed as directors of the corporation in the corporation papers:

The publication "The Uprooted" of 1954, lists the following persons on the Board of Directors of CCCNYC:

HERSCHEI ALT
DT. VICLA W. BERMARD
Mrs. RICHARD SERVIARD
DT. WILLIAM H. BRISTOW
MISS CHARLOTTE CARR
DT. ROBERT W. CULPER
MRS. MARSHALL FIELD
DT. ROMA GANS
MRS. RANDOLD GUGGENTEIMER
MISS HELEN HALL
MISS HELEN M. HARRIS
MRS. THOMAS B. ESS

MISS AMY HOSTLER
STANLEY M. ISAACS
DEAN KENNETH D. COHNSON
Dr. ALICE V. RELIHER
MISS ANNA MEMPSHALL
Dr. HARRY D. KRUSE
MIS. SAMUEL A. LEWISOHN
EDWIN J. LUKAS
IRA S. ROBBINS
MIS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
MIS. JUAN T. TRIPPE
MIS. LOUIS S. WEISS

-7-

# Mr. Eisenbower, Mr. Khrushinev,

# WE CALL FOR A PERMANENT END TO ATOMIC BOMB TESTING

Dear Mr. President: Dear Mr. Premier:

There is one tangible act you can perform that will be clear and unmistakable sign to all humanity that your meetings have been fruitful. You can remove the few remaining obstacles to a permanent end to

nuclear weapons tests under inspection and control.

On behalf of the human commonwealth, will you place this question high on your agenda?

We, and people the world over, welcome your exchange of visits. We hope this direct approach will bring durable peace within the orbit of possibility.

A durable peace demands a permanent end to nuclear tests; comprebensive arms control, negotiated political settlements, and establishment

of the rule of world law in international affairs.

Your historic meetings can be the turning point that will guarantee human survival. We welcome your initiative. We wish you well.

STEVE ALLEN
PROF. GORDON ALL PORT
STUART CHASE
BORMAN COUSINS
BEV. EDWIN T. DAHLBERG
DR. WILLIAM DAVIDON
JULES FEIFFER
BAROLD E. FEY
REV. BARRY EMERSON FOSDICK
ING. ERICH FROMM
OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN II
LEV. BORALD HARRINGTON
BRIG. GEN. HUGH B. HESTER
(U.S. AMY, Retired)

HALLOCK HOFFMAN
DR. DAVID R. DNGLIS
HON. STANLEY M. ISAACS
REV. HOMER JACK
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING
HOWARD LINISAY
DR. M. STANLEY LIVINGSTON
ARNOLD H. MAREMONT
DR. VILLIAM MENDINGER
WALTER MILLIS
LEVIS MUNFORD
DN. LANUS PAULING
ORLIE PELL
CLARENCE PICKETT
DR. DAVID RIESSAM

(SIGNERS) ELMO KOPER MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT ROBERT RYAN DORE SCHARY DR. RALPH W. SOCKHAM DR. PITTRIN A. SOROKIN DR. EDWARD J. SPARLING MORMAN THOMAS **HORMAN THO** DEAN MOVARD THURMAN LOUIS UNITERMEYER ERRY VOORHIS BISHOP HAZEN O. VERNER JAMES VARBURG E. RAYMOND WELSON DIL HUGH C. WOLFE

(The signers of this statement do so as individuals and not as representations of organizations.)
ADD YOUR SIGNATURES TO THOSE ABOVE AND SEND THIS LETTER TO

## Chicago Committee For A SANE Nuclear Policy

Room 1018

7 South Dearborn

Chicago 3, Illinois

AIGNATURE SASORESS To help support this appeal I encion

ce the the

WESTCAN JEWISH CONCRE Hear

# PEOPLE vs. McCart

A Public Meeting on the Issue)

Thursday, May 20, 1954 - At 8:30 P.M.

Hunter College Assembly Hali WHERE: . 69th Street between Park and Lexington Avenues

ADMISSION: . . 49¢ (Forty-nine Cents)

Speakers: The Honorable William H. Benton Former Senttor from Connecticut

> Dr. John Krumm Chaplain, Columbia University

The Honorable Stanley M. Isaacs Minority Leader, New York City Council

Mr. James Wechsler Editor, THE NEW YORK POST

Chairman: Judge Dorothy Kenyon

We'll be looking for you at the Rally!

Organizations

Colffeen Jewish Congress [AC] American Veterans Committee (AVC) mericans for Democratic Action LADA

Lisociation of Fraternal and Senevolent Organizations (AFBO) Christian Action

dewish Labor Committee (LLC) Liberal Party, New York County National Association for the Advancement of Colored Poople

MAACPI New York Young Domocratic Club

MARTIAL LIST)

Adams and the second

Sponsbred bu:

Dr. John Bennett, Union Theological Seminely

The Most Rev. Charles K. Gilbert. Former Presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopel Church of New York

Mr. Hugo Ernst; General President of the Hotel & Restaurant Employees and Bertender International Union

Mr. Morris Lushavitz, Secy-Trees., N.Y.C. CIO Opuncil

Rabbi Gerald M. Vecobs,
The Greenwich Village Synagogue

fedivideals

Mr. Joseph Konowe, Secy-Tree Lecal 2 10, 4.B. of Y. (AFL) Mr. Jerotte Nathanson Dr. Reinhold Stidbuhr

Dr. Reinhold Niesuna Reverend Albert J. Renner Mr. Michael J. Quill, International Transport Workers Union of Pres., Transport America, CIO

Mrs. Fraction D. Roosevett Mr. Fines Rica Reverend Robert Spike, Minister of The Jedson Memorial Church Rabbi David & Saligson Mr. Mark Start

//0

Dr. Hatold ave

10

## MRS. ROOSEVELT-AIDS INTEGRATION

Asks Support of Southern Fund, a Target of House and Senate Inquiries

Mrs. Franklin Dr Roosevelt appealed resterday for support of the pro-integrations bouthern Conference Educations. Fund, Inc. Some of the group's Education And Inc. Some of the Inc. Some of t

Mrs. Roosevelt told a fundmaining meeting at the Delmonico Hotel:

"I think it is probably the only organization left in the South where people of different colors can work together, and I hope we can give it the financial as well as the spiritual support it needs.

support it needs.

"What happens on the firing line affects our leadership in the world against real Comminist control—not just the toor, shunism which is put on anything you don't like. For instance, in the Bouth, if you happen to be for integration, you're; called a 'Communist.'"

One of the funds field secretaries, Carl Braden, is now appealing a contempt conviction for refusing to answer questions of the House Committee on Un-American Activities last July: In 1855 the Senats Internal Security subcommittee asked the Department of Justice to defermine if the group was a "Communist front"—a charge strongly denied by its president, i Aubrey W. Williams.

The fund, whose headquarters are in New Orleans graw out of the defunct Southern Conference for Human Welfare and has operated independently since 1946. It is run by sixty-five dipercent from the seventeen southern states and the District of Columbia. James A. Dominerowski, assective director, sale it had 3,500 contributors.

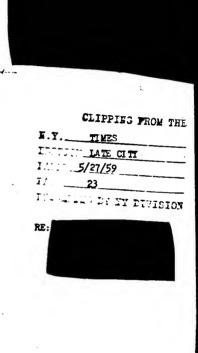
At vesterday's neeting Hubert

Relany, former Domestic Rel

at 17,800 from the 200 person
predict. Mrs. Roosevelt gav

\$400.

1 0 1959





C

UNITED STATES GOVEL -MENT

# 1emorandum

DATE: May 24, 1960 --

FROM :

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FOR SUBIECT: SANE NUCLEUR POLICY

INTOTALITION CONCEDENTING

As a result of the Director's inquiry concerning a Washington Capital News Service item dated 5-19-60 regarding a rally at the Madison Square Garden, New York City, 5-19-60, sponsored by the National Committee for a Same Nuclear Policy (RCSRP), memorandum 5-20-60 furnished the background of the NCSUP and advised that the results of the 5-19-60 meeting would be furnished upon receipt from the New York City Office.

New York airtel 5-20-60 advised that this rally was held and among the speakers were <u>Alfred My Landon</u>, former Governor of Lansas and 1936 kepublican presidential candidate who advocated or mansas and 1936 kepublican presidential candidate who advocated another meeting of heads of state in the near future to agree on a way to control nuclear testing; Governor G. Kennen Milliams of Michigan; Morman Thomas, well-known socialist; Morman Compins, editor of "The Daturday Review" and co-chairman of the Stonsoring committee; Dr. Harold Taylor, former president of Sarah Lawrence College; Mabbi Israel Goldstein of Congregation Bynai Jeshurun; Walter PAlleuther, president of the United Auto Workers; and Clarence Expickett, executive secretary emeritus of the American Frience Fervice Cormittee and the other co-chairman of the committee. Ers. Franklin D. Roosevelt was disclosed as a co-chairman of the meeting. All speakers urged banning nuclear tests.

New York Office further advised that there were no disruptive incidents during this rally according to the New York City Police Department which advised that 17,500 attended the rally and that after the rally approximately 3,000 persons walked to the United Nations building where a meeting led by a prayer for peace was held. 

ACTION:

None. For your information.

# Of Mannager 1900

# AGENDA FORGENEVA

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Peterral Christian (s. 1642) Company of the Property of the Property of the Company of the Compa

TO DE SON OFFICE ASSESSMENT

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Apri control can a great description of the dispression of the control of the con RAJERAL JUM

9/11/57

Party in the USSR mentioned he is leaving for Moscow on 9/12/57 and will have dinner with Mrs. FRANKLIN D\_MOSEVELT on Saturday in Moscow.

#### TRANSLATION FROM CZFCH

"NOVA DOBA" (THE NEW ERA)

Motto: The right to work is the right to live.

August 21, 1959, issue.

三年 一大大

#### \* EXLI NOTATIONS (page 1, column 1, summary)

The first part of this article comments made by I. F. STONE regarding the KHAUS.CHEV visit to the U.S.A. He states that it will be a symbol of satisfaction for millions of people on earth to see the mussian states—man and the American President shake hands on the steps of the Phite House. The second paragraph states that the death of JOHN FOSTER DULLES brought about a change in U.S. foreign policy. Mr. LULES objected to MINON's visit to mussia and he also objected to inviting LNA CHEV to visit in the Inited States. STONE's comments in this article are ended by stating that EISENHOLEM's eight years as Fresident will soon be history. All/Will be forgotten if the resident, who started his term in office by ending the var in Korea, will lay the foundation for peaceful coexistence with the Soutet Union.

The last part of this article / comments made by MALTER LIPPIANN in the 'New York Berald Tribune.' These comments also pertain to the coming XHULSACHEV visit to the U.S.A.

THE REVOLT OF THE REACTIONARIES IN CUEA SUPPLES ED (page 1, column 2, summary)

This article appears to be a translation from an English language newsraper. The recent revolt against FIDEL CASTAO in Cuba is discussed in this article. It is pointed out that the followers of FATISIA were defeated in

TRANSLATED BY:

September 17, 1959

RI BIN

STREET EDUCATION IN MORE ARMANCED THAN EDUCATION IN AMERICA (page 8, column 3, summary)

This article appears to be a translation from an English language newspaper. It quotes Admiral ETYMM D. AICH TVEN as stating that Soviet education is more advanced than education in the United States. He is also quoted as stating that Poland is the country that has been devastated by war and that it will take a great many years to put that country back on its feet.

#### INVITATION TO THE PHYSIDENT (page 8, column 3, sundary)

The committee for a "healthy nuclear policy" has sent a telegram to the President asking for his promise that nuclear weapons will not be given to other countries, but will be retained by the United States. This telegram also asks for the outlawing of all future nuclear tasks. This article emphasizes that nuclear weapons chould not be given to less Cernany. Among those who signed that telegram are: STEVE ALLTH, LYANT CHASE, NOTICE AND ANTIPER, DR. MATTH LYANT AND ANTIPERSON, CONTRACTOR, CONTRA

Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI TO

DATE: 2/29/60

在1. 对于这种人,是1. 是一个人,是一个人,是一个人,是一个人,是一个人,是是一个人,是一个人,我们就是一个人的,我们

SAC, NEW YORK FROM

SUBJECT:

AFRICA DEFENSE AND AID FUND INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 11/16/59, made available a pamphlet entitled, "African Defense and Aid Fund," (ADAAF) "Bridge Between Two Continents," administered by the American Committee on Afric .

The following quotations are taken from this pamphlet:

"Initial listing of Sponsors for Africa Defense and Aid Fund. (An \* indicates that the person is listed on previous communications put out by the American Committee on Africa.)

Norman/Cousins
Rev. Henry Hitt Crane
Clark Mell Eichelberger
Fred Ferber
\*Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick
Rabbi Israel Goldstein
Lorraine Hansberry
\*Dr. George Edmund Haynes
\*Harold Isaac
Hon. Jacob K. Javits
Dr. Mordecai Johnson
Emily Kimbrough
Rt. Rev. W. Appleton Lawrence
Rev. Henry Smith Leiper
Stanley Levison

Mrs. Samuel Mc Crea Cavert

"Nelson Bengston

Frank Montero
\*F. D. Patterson
Irving Pflaum
\*Clarence E. Pickett
\*Rt. Rev. James A. Pike
\*A. Philip Randolph

Benjamin E. Mays

\*A. Philip Randolph
Victor Beuther
\*Jackie Robinson
\*Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt
\*William X. Scheinman

Arthur M. Schlesinger, Jr. \*Rev. Ralph W. Sockman Arthur B. Spingarn Hope Stevens Charles/J. Symington \*Norman/Thomas

Executive Secretary \*George M. Houser

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AND WITH

Assistant Ann Morrissett"

#### THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

for a

#### SANE NUCLEAR POLICY

request the pleasure of your company

at

SUNDAY DINNER with MRS. FRANKLIN DE ROOSEVELT

on

Sunday afternoon, January 24, at 12:30 o'clock

in the Louis XIV Ballroom, Hotel Somerset, Boston

SENATOR LEVERETT SALTONSTALL will introduce Mrs. Roosevelt.

Mrs. Roosevelt will speak on "HOW TO STOP NUCLEAR TESTING."

Dr. Charles D. Coryell, Professor of Chemistry, M.I.T., will preside.

\$5.00 per person

RSVP on attached tearoff

To: The Greater Boston Committee
For a SANE Nuclear Policy
Box 75, Cambridge 38, Mass.

Telephone University 8-8340

Please send me\_\_\_\_\_\_ tickets at \$5.00 each for dinner with Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, January 24, at 12:30 o'clock, Hotel Somerset, Boston, for which payment is enclosed.

NAME	
ADDRESS4	<del></del>
- U	-
ENCENCULOEURE	

Vol. 3, No. 1

たがなべるなんとなれ

Jan. 9, 1960

Published by The Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy
P. O. Box 75
Cambridge 38, Mass.
Russell Johnson, Secretary
Edmund C. Berkeley, Editor

#### ELEANOR ROOSEVELT TO SPEAK BEFORE THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt will speak at a Sunday dinner meeting of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy on Sunday, January 24, at 12:30 p.m., at the Hotel Somerset in Boston. Her subject will be:

How to Stop Nuclear Testing

She will be introduced by Senator Leverett Saltonstall of Massachusetts. All supporters of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy, and any other persons interested, are invited to be present. Tickets for the Sunday dinner are obtainable at \$5.00 each, from the office of the Greater Boston Committee at 130 Brattle St., Cambridge, or by mail addressed to P.O. Box 75, Cambridge 38.

#### BOTH SIDES URGED BY THOMAS E. MURRAY TO SCRAP H-BOMBS

In Pasadena, Calif., on Dec. 9, Thomas E. Murray, former Atomic Energy Commissioner, urged that both the United States and Russia dismantle nuclear weapons with a power equivalent of a million tons of TNT. Mr. Murray urged that the United States take the lead in the proposal and that the weapons be taken apart on "neutral territory" and "on a matching basis, weapons for equal weapon".

#### 77% OF AMERICANS WANT TO CONTINUE THE H-BOMB TEST BAN

The Gallup Poll on Dec. 1 announced the results of a poll on continuing the ban on the testing of nuclear weapons, which President Eisenhower is currently continuing on a day-to-day basis. The question asked was:

"The United States and Russia have made an agreement to stop testing H-bombs until the end of this year. Would you like to have this agreement continued next year, or not?

The results were: YES 77% NO 11%

No opinion 12%

## PRESIDENT ENDS 14 MONTH BOMB TEST MORATORIUM (Editorial)

The nuclear bomb test moratorium which expired Dec. 31 represented a small but clearly visible and positive direction in American foreign policy. Thomas Murray's statement above points further in the creative policy direction the President has rejected. We regret the abandonment of this position for the apparent purposes of diplomatic bargaining. Our government's action may well lead not to an agreement to stop nuclear bomb tests, but only to stop atmospheric fallout-producing tests, while continuing the nuclear arms race.

#### REGULAR MEETINGS OF THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

Regular meetings of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy take place on the 2nd (and sometimes the 4th) Tuesday of each month, at 8:00 p.m. at 130 Brattle St., in Cambridge (in the library of the American Friends Service Committee). If you are interested in a Sane Nuclear Policy, you are invited to fome.

Conf. letter to Tirector

of President Engeliate at thich time Tray ROCCENTY asked ATA'S to send a greating to DYAMIN on Byth Park stationary in commonaration of VE Day. 1985 sent the greating and also sent some flowers along with the greating.

#### FD-72 (3-9-54)

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION?

THE CASE ORIGINATED AT . CHI CAGO

CHIC AGO	7-27-56 11, 16,17/56	REPORT MADE BY
"LUDOVE NOVINY"		CHARACTER OF CAME

#### YNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Editorial office of "Ludove Noviny" located 1510 West 18th Sympet, 7-16 Chicago, Illinois. Subject newspaper is printed by Praga Fress. Inc., also located at above mentioned address.

"Ludove Noviny" claimed circulation of 3525 in March, 1956. Circulation of "Ludove Noviny" reported by informants as 2000 to 2200 in April of 1956 and 1975 in May of 1956.

policy continues to implement Communist Party line and support various organizations designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450. "Ludove Noviny" also continues to support policies of Soviet Russia and Czechoslovakia. Slovak Book Store continues to be operated and owned by "Ludove Noviny."

# IV. OTHER EXAMPLES IN WHICH THE "L/N" SUPPORTS THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND COMMUNIST PARTY FRONT GROUPS

#### A. SUPPORT OF COMMUNIST PARTY

"L/N", December 29, 1955, Page 9, column 1

Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT has signed an appeal to President EISENHOWER asking for the release of the 16 Communists who are victims of the Smith Law. Forty-six other prominent Americans have also signed this appeal.

\$500 STB

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MEC of Origin	4/23/56	4/11,15,16/56	
	Report sade Av		typed By
	CHARACTER OF CA	BE	
		_	•
	MACC WARE	HEN CORK 4/23/56  Report sade A	## CORE 4/23/56 4/11,15,16/56  CHARACTER OF CABE

Subject school granted provisional charter 11/17/32, and absolute charter 5/20/38, by MYS Board of Regents to operate as educational institution. Background information set forth.

-RUC-

DÉTAILS

On April 11, 1956,
Law Department, New York State Department of
Education, advised that the Board of Regents granted the
Little Red Schoolhouse on November 17, 1932, a provisional
charter to operate as an educational institution.
further advised that on May 20, 1938, the school was granted
an absolute charger.

The fellowing background information was obtained from pursual on subject school as made available by

In application for incorporation under Section 59 of educational law made June 13, 1932, the name of the proposed school was to be Little Red Schoolhouse, Inserporated; purpose for which such corporation is to be formed is to establish a small experimental school in which can be duplicated a typical public school situation discarding only such public school factors as are non-essential in an educational sense. The conditions which will be retained are large classrooms, lew expenditures and a cerriculum similar to public schools at large, the purpose of school is to be a non-stock organization; institution to be located at 196-198 Bleeker Street, Bereugh of Manhattan. Geunty and State of New York.

Y The erganisational committee was listed as Mrs.
Ghairman.

LUNWI

Mrs. FRANKLIN DE ROOSEVELT

¥ ... U

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INDEXED-125

# Mrs. Roosevelt Counsels Interracial Conference

Concentration on one important goal at a time was urged by Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt posteriory as the Way to surmount harriers to human and airl rights.

Exprote speaker at the twoday internated Conference of Woma-now being held at the Sellerd Motel, Mrs. Sposeveltwarned against trying to do the same thing everywhere and everything at once in the fight for racial equality.

"I think you sunt be conbent to put your greatest emphasis on what you think is the most important thing in your srae," ale told delegates to the conference which is sponsored by the Council of Nerm Young.

"Fot will nave to decide what you think is most important. But don't be divided in you efforts. If you are doing too many things at once you will lose the drive that is necessary."

#### Hearing Important

The speaker said that complete desegregation in heusing is one of the most important objectives to be sought in New York. "That must happen before we can have real deegregation in schools," she haserred amid applause.

"In the Southern States," as continued, "It seems to me that the right for protection in your right to wete should be the very first step. This is a Federal right, and I think ways could be found to have Federal supervision through local authorities."

She further suggested that the aid of churches might be enlisted in effecting "this important step."

Mrs. Roosevelt also stressed the adverse effect of segregation—on this country's prestige in international affairs. "All the world watches what happens in the United States," abe said. "And everything that happens here is known throughout the world.

"One of the great barriers to leadership of the United States is that we are felt not to think of all people as being sousl in all things.

"We will never be able to light the Communist process satisfactorily unless we can solve this problem."

Several hundred women are attending the conference, arranged in connection with the council's list annual convention

Dr. Mordecal Vohnson, president of Howard University, shared the program at yesterday's apening session.

#### Influence of Homes

. Dr. Johnson said women would have a profound influence in America and the world if they became aware of their potential strength and faced up to the problem of human relations.

The Supreme Court ruling that public school segregation is unconstitutional offers a special challenge to women, both as mothers and teachers, he mid

he mid.
"It is the loving heart of the teacher that is going to be decisive in this," he sontended.

Dr. Johnson eriticised churches for their failure to take the lead in desorgranting schools. Without identifying him further, he said one of the Supreme Court justices told him that "son of the great tragedies of America is that the Christian churches of America didn't precipitate

The speakers were presented by Mrs. William Thomas Mason, national president at the formell. Wash. Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

N. Y. Daily News 
Daily Worker

The Worker

New Leader \_\_\_\_

Date <del>NOV 1 7 1958</del>

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# lai Finds Crack'

UN Ambassador Stevenson ulied a time-honored quotation rom American history and arned it on the ultra-conservaarea amid the laughter of mericans for Democratic Acon in the Hotel Autor fast

han an open significant today's conserva-tive leaders," he told the 800 persons at the ADA's 14th and 15th and ale adage seems true—To

Stevenson's takeoff on Henry Clay's old line was one of the fight high points of a talk in which he said that the United States "is on a new frontier of slanger and uncertainty.

James A. Wechaler, editor of The Post, received a special citation at the dinner for his work on The Post, the old newspaper PM and the Nation maga-

More Quips Continuing to flavor his speech with quits, Stevenson subsect the work of America's right witgers "just one more case of peliatual emotion."

endience which Include mber of other UN as ers and Eleanor Roosevelt. his action one to have been an uch branch in the said of the said er problem. "Today's prohems are hig and complex," he mid. "A really creative step is sund to offend some people and N. Y. Four and Hadred' -- - BDITION Assistant Secretary of State stian Cleveland charged in eech that the "extremists ir time share a fear and a bu

d for the evolving world of he aresent period."

He branded "those who live n the sadical right and the rertionary left" as "the most angerous enemics" at Presint Kennedy's program of mecelul change." Wechsler, in semarks after ceiving his award from Herard Prof. Samuel #L Beer, haonal ADA chairman, said lighting liberalism? was not the other side of the coin of on "those of us who are idea ed as extremist left to be of

four to attack and show ou mirit and our fight."

CLIPPING FROM THE

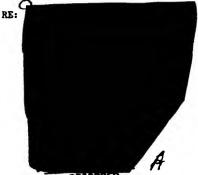
POST LATE CITY

2/2/62 DATED

PAGE

FORWARDED BY MY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER



NOT RECORDED 46 FEB 8. 1962

# ADA Honors Wechsler



Subses A. Wochsler (center), editor of The Post, is honored by Americans for Democratic Action.
Mrs. Franklin D. Rossevott and ADA Chairman Samuel Bosr congratulated him.

Mrs. Roosevelt

Blection Hints Democrats

Will Become Stronger

CHICAGO — It is quite evident the people of the country repudiated the Republican Party while electing President Eisenhower by an overwhelming wete. This means that two years or four years from now the Republicans will not have the strength they had in this election.

At the same time, there will be room for great improvement in our state organization. Much more attention should now be paid to the suburban areas, where the vote is increasing. Even the New York City organization shows up as extremely weak. While there are some who believe that the Liberal Barty that the Democrats up with Americans for Demotratic Action (ADA) and a too liberal point of view, others realize that many candidates would have lost without the Liberal Party vote. To lose its support would therefore be a serious drawback. Personally, I think the Democratic Party is due for a sad awakening if it is not as liberal as the Liberal Party. The only appeal the Democrats have is to liberals, since those who want to be really reactionary will obviously vote for the Republican Party.

#### G Hossina

I was serry to see that the state did not vate the bond issue far medium-priced housing. It is a good thing to continue building roads and I whied for both bond district. But I feel that the houslng hond tasue was very arech needed, for it is becoming harder and harder to get medium-priced housing. I think we should give more attention to bousing together. Now that we must make the effort to have intergrated housing not only in stum areas but in the medium-priced areas. It is not likely we can accomplish it withsut some assistance from the state.

#### Q Cancer

AT the recent annual meeting of the American Cancer Society 2800 men and women-came to blew York from all parts of the U.S. to "discus, evaluate end plan" their continuing fight legainst cluster. It is good to know that the death rate from ranger has dropped significantly. Today one out of every three patienties being myed, which means that 28,000 each year are being ended from death by cancer.

The trouble is that this is not good enough, for we are told that actually this death rate should, be cut in half. It is all a question apparently of early diagnosis and treatment, which should be available to more and more people. Of course, we need education—education of all kinds of people int wast of doctors and storentists.

There will be cancer drives this year all over the country to acquaint more people with the problem of cancer, and I shope that we will do well in the New York over.

Wash. Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News
Daily Worker
The Worker
New Leader

149 NOV 19 1956

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- A Date 1 3 1956

# 7\_Liberals Urgé U. S.; o Avoid War Over Matsu

Americans who call themselves liberals urged President Elsenhower today to "take immediate steps to extricate the United States and the world from the present menace of war in the Formosa Strait."

to make clear in such negotiations that the United States will not commit its forces to the defense of Matru and Quemoy and will not permit them to cootne a cause of war."

Amnouncement of the telegram to ED. Eisenhower was eratic Action which said the algners acred me and anothers, calls itself an "independent, anti-Communist political organ-ization" dedicated to the cause

#### Partial List of Signers

Among those listed as signers ere Mry Pranklin D. Roosevelt, forman Thomas, weters, So-alist leader; W. P. Stennedy. edent of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; author-commentator, Elmer Davis; Mrs. India adwards, vice chairman of the Democratic National Committee; Dr. Reinhold Net-buhr, Union Theological Bem-dary; the Bev. John Haynes folmes, former pastor of Commes, former a

Forty - seven wall - known former State Department viser, and Barvard professors, Zecharial Chaice, jr.; Seymour Barris, Alvinghansen and Ar-Schlesinger, tr.

Affirming their support United States pledges to help defend Formosa and the Pescadores against any Chinese Communist atempt to invade Chiang Kai-They called on the President shek's Nationalist refuge, the 47 signers said the case of the offmoy is quite different.

#### Defense Not a "Mast"

"We submit that the blands over which this threat arises are meeparable from the Communist) mainland by reason of their situation and, as you observed some months ago, not Pormosa and the Pescadores. the telegram said.

The telegram asked Mr. Elsenhower to seek the so-operathrough the United Mations or in direct talks, to join in seeking a solution "in accordance with international law which will rethe Quemoy and Matsu Islands.



NOT RECORDED 126 MAY 11 1955

COHAR 21 1955



Wash, Post and Times Herald Wash, News Vash. Star N. Y. Herald Tribuse N. Y. Mirror

MAY 1 3 1955

INDEXED - 40

# ADA Blasts McCarthy Again; G.O.P.Chairman Defends Him

By Allen Drary

Americans for Democratic Action elected a Wisconsin lawyer
fixed a Harvard professor as onthairmen for the next year and
took a final swipe at Senator McCarthy before concluding their
sixth annual convention at the
fixed Statler yesterday.

Elected to direct the liberal political group were James E. Doyle of Madison, Wisconsin Democratic Satt chairman, and Dr. Arthur E. Schlesinger, Ir. Professor of history at Harvard, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was elected houseary chairman.

idin. Kleanor P. Rousevelt was elected honorary chairman. Named to the AIA's executive hoard were Senatory Morre. Independent of Oregon: former Botal Security Administrator Ar-Bury J. Altimeter; former Air Porce Secretary Thomas K. Finister; Ison Keysering, head of President Truman's Council of President Truman's Council of President Truman's Council of President Truman's Pank Karitson, fr., of New York: David M. Lloyd, former administrative, existant to Mr. Truman: Taila'd Taylor, former head of the Small Defense Plants Administration; and Mrs. Quincy Wright of Massachusetts.

#### Ask for Repudintion.

In a resolution adopted at the glosing session of the three-day meeting, the ADA salled on President Elsenhower and other Republican leaders to repudiate Senator McCarthy. It said the and his allies "have much in common with the Communist they profess to oppose. Like Communist, their hard drive III.

toward conformity and their sole test of Soyaliy' is agreement with their conclusions."

The ADA charged that Republican leaders have "knuckled under" to the Wisconsin Republican, and asserted that the Democratic leadership "sout not bury its head in the pelitical sands in the frope that the Mc-Carthy issue will somehow pass awsy."

It also urged religious and educational leaders to "stand firm in the face of this immoral and subversive attack and . . . continue to expose its essential unamericanium."

In a similar statement assued in New York, directors of Prec-dom House also attacked the Wisconsin Senator for his "sresponsible" comments in reply to a recent speech by former British Prime Minister Clement Attlee, atthough they also criticised Mr. Attlee's statements as "ill-conceived."

#### McCarthy is Defended

The Senator was defended by Republican National Chairman Leonard W. Hall, who said on a radio-television program that "We should be loath to attempt to smear him because he uses certain tactics which we may not approve, but at least it brings out situations which we all want to cure."

At its final session the ADA also heard James E. Carey, secretary-treasurer of the CIO, say the New Deal and Pair Deal have been senceeded by "the Staked Deal." And it adopted a domestic policy platform which also attacked the administration for the programs on natural re-courses, of will liberties, farm in-come, social security and fiscal policy.

It also charged that the administration has abandened the concepts of full amployment, high wages and expanding production snahodied in the Employment Act of 1946.



3



Times-Herald	
Wash. Post	
Wash. News	

N.Y.	Herald	Tribune	_
N.Y.	Mirror		

Wash. Scar

Date: MAY 251953

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#### mericans for Democratic Action Canant Between Truman,

By Daris Fleeson

Marsis The anti-Communist eratic Action or the week and to chart

with 8B discrepancy between me-

Doe bearind those sensitive to the barri-ness and their ability to affect be contonne next Wovember hears a ble hall-nor as they apportion fame for what Polichi. Practically speaking the woulder that they want what it new ap-ment they cannot not this time.

that they want what it has ap-are they cannot get this time-presidential candidate to their ing. ADA will have no influ-nce on the Republican conven-n since its membership is seals— Therecarding Management no since its membership is sealingument. Because on Sembent Fresident always is reminated if he so desires, ADA has real power to alter the choice. Mr. Truman when the Demo-

Troiset Vote Bupossible.
At the same time, Mr. Wallace Mr. whole them of the ardinary course of patition! dissidentispe protest vote. ADA issaders fresty tack Mr. Wallace as a constitute of the Communist and denounce a party as a Communist device according and divide the Biserie. sgrade and divide the liber and few sling now to the notical Mr. Wallace means wall.

at Mr. Wallace means well... F. Fet as the leaders grepand do such the gospel that politics is ear to toe possible, they have a late a subhern unknown warf the Fresident that is best on pression. The question is hew far. at release of emotions one safely and still permit them later to their votes to these pelle distributed. their we

in behalf.

B) is the reverse of the liberal robies with life. Wellass. Silver has no long sold life. Wellass. Silver has no long sold life. Wellass to like country as the elements of less strong extreme difficulty smalling in a fallow-rawels. If they may lind they counts sail him and life. Turnant low vigorously, lay may find they counts sail him and life. Turnant low significant lives have they count in the life.

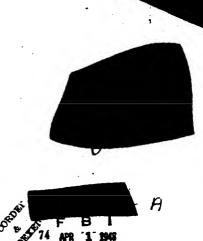
many of

e practical considerations are to the fore with such ADA spokes-num as Mrs. Rooswalt, Wilson Wystt, Paul Porter and Leon Hen-derson. The undercurrents of the

frs. Boosevelt championed to erral meditary braining. It was disapproved, putting ADA in hed with Secretor Tatt and Mr. Wallace on that issue. The Wyatt stearing semmittee tried to negotiate an in-accusor resolution persponing campaign discussions until after the fraction of the consideration of the considerat

intetituted.

That ADA members should be a positive to Mr. Trunnan was hardly nitripated. Mr. Resulter veloced het complaint that sir. Trunnan one topolatic statement of the sir truncal himment of the sir the sir truncal himment of the sir appear to have added estensively personal resonance that he no throughly impores them, laking it for granted that they have no place she to go. This is an actio from the South on the evel-right sentity the same done that the President pure on attention to them tensus he thinks they have no place size to go. That it is, realistically, the approximate truth, does not make it more placent to the mediant of the more size of the mediant of the size of



FFE WASHINGTON STAR Page 9 Sec A

# Office Memorandum • United STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

DATE: June 26, 1957

FROM

SUBJECT :

Miss Adams communicated with the Bureau by letter 6-7-57 'requesting Bureau advice as to whether she should include in a book, which she was writing, an episode concerning the Bureau's investigation of an alleged Nazi, Andrew J. Hercha, Jr.

The New York Division by letter 6-18-57 was instructed to have two Agents contact hiss Adams and advise her of what our file reflected as indicated above.

The New York Division has transmitted a letter dated 6-24-57 advising that subject was interviewed on 6-21-57 by Bureau Agents, who advised her of the true facts in the Hercha matter. She told the Agents Mrs. Roosevelt had told her that President Roosevelt was not dissatisfied with Mr. Hoover's personal handling of the case but was critical of the work of some Agents in the field. She also waid Mrs. Roosevelt sent to her through the mail an official copy of a confidential memorandum from the Director to Mrs. Roosevelt in which the Director stated that he had been celled to the White House twice to discuss the Hercha case. Miss Adams said that this memorandum is in the hands of Isaac Don Levine, who is "shaping up" her forthcoming took,

F 34 . . .

# Office Men. randum . UNITED STATES GOVE

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, NEW YORK

On 6/21/57. Miss ADAMS was contacted by SAS at her residence, 311 W. 95th

Street, New York Lity; Where she resides with a She was advised of all of the points mentioned in ReBulet. She remarked that she was grateful for the Bureau's acknowledgement of her letter and that she was very surprised to hear that President Roosevelt had never discussed the results of the Andrew J. Hercha, Jr. case with the Director. She said, "That is not the way it was handed to me." She said that Mrs. Roosevelt had told her that the President was not dissatisfied with Mr. Hoover's personal handling of the case but was critical of the work of some agents in the field. Franklill L. "

Miss ADAMS said that Mrs. Roosevelt became involved in a dispute with Westbrook Pegler over the Hercha case and asked her to do some "leg work" for her. This involved visit ing the office of the DAILY WORKER to get affidavits as well & traveling in Pennsylvania to get affidavits from employees of the Baldwin Locomotive plant. Miss Adams said that when she k turned over the results of her work to Mrs. Roosevelt the latter told her not to answer any telegrams or letters from the FBI because President Roosevelt wanted to talk to the Director first. She said that she made herself unavailable and about ten days later received a telephone call from the President who told her, "It is all right now. You can see the Boy Scouts."

Miss ADAMS said that Mrs. ROOSEVELT sent to her through the mail an official copy of a confidential memorandum from the Director to Mrs. Roosevelt, in which the Director stated that he had been called to the White House twice to discuss the Herchii Case. Miss ADAMS said that this memo, as well as all her papers, is in the hands of ISAAC DON BEVINE who 

Letter to Director

6/24/57

"shaping up" her forthcoming book.

The Bureau will be advised of any further information on this subject which comes to the attention of this office.

# Office Memorandum . United STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: June 14, 1

1

CONJECT:

Josephine Truelow Adams, who was associated with highranking Communist Party officials and with communist front groups during the period from 1940 to 1946 and who has publicly been identiyied as the liaison agent between Early Browler and President and 6 Mrs. Pranklin Dy Roosevelt, has written to the Director under date volume of 6-7-57. She indicates she is writing a book which will ha in the hands of her publishers on 7-1-57.

In her letter, Miss Adams indicates she desires to be advised whether the Bureau has any objection to the inclusion in the book of an episode concerning an PBI investigation of Andrew J. Gercha, Jr. Miss Adams indicates that the PBI investigation furnished to Mrs. Roosevelt "more of less cleared Hercha" of any Maxi connection that President Roosevelt was displeased with the investigation, and he called the Birector to the White House twice to discuss it, Wiss Adams adds that Mrs. Roosevelt asked her to conduct investigation of Hercha.

# Office Memorandum . United STATES GOVERNMENT

~

SUBJECT:

DATE: 1-7-57

\$ 1-1 7

The papers contain correspondence between Mrs. Roosevelt and

Miss Adams.

Of interest is a letter from the Director dated August 9, 1944, addressed to Miss Adams acknowledging a communication which Miss Adams addressed to Mrs. Roosevelt pointing out that the information she furnished was of primary interest to the War and Navy Departments.

THE PARTY OF THE P momber 2, 1945 "I have your other letter with the eliphin. ir. Baldwin is not a politician. Tas his appointment been good or bad? SHE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON ecember 2, 1943 ਤ ਹੋਰ mean John F. Envis end ] ਲਜ ; Lud to know it is not the same man. 1 ar - with most of your letter and taink it is a good idai. sincerely warra. ELEANCE KROOSEVELT UNITY FOR VICTORY Mrs FRANKLIN OKORSE VELT

I happen not to want to se Er. Lovett go because he has done a grand Job. I do not like American Communists because they have caused a great deal wi trouble here and did all they could to hamper us before Germany went into Russia Now that it suits their purpose they cooperate. I am all for helping Russia defeat littler but nevertheless I do not want American Communists working here against the good of our country at any time. Very sincerely yours, aiss Josephine Adam 431 Tiverside Drive, Mew York, New York.

March 18, 1945

Dear Miss Adams:

I was very glad to get your letter and of course I believe you.

I think you are very brave, but I de hope you will do nothing that will endanger you.

Sincerely yours,

- There Moviemele

war insulting to Adams 451 "Iwrs"4e Brive

Yes. York, N.Y.

Pederal Puresu of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D.C.

January 6, 1943

Personal and Confidential Special Messenger

My dear #rs. Roosewelt:

I must to acknowledge receipt of your letter of Becamber El, 1942, transmitting at the suggestion of the President a letter received by you from Miss Josephine T. Adam. It is noted that Miss Adams refers to a letter, stated to be bitterly antiunion and antiadministration, which Westbrook Pegler caused to be printed on Movember 27, 1942. The author of this letter, according to Miss Adams, is indicated to be pro-Nasi and on the basis of affidavite prepared by "Baldwin workers" to have Bund connections.

Apropos of this matter, the President in our conversation on Becamber 10, 1942, advised me of a letter received by you from Miss Adams who had, in turn, received a communication from one property in information concerning that the latter was in possession of certain information concerning Pegler. This information was stated by the best to be of such character as to prove that Peller gets some of his material from "out and out Masis".

As a result of this information, the was interviewed at which time it was determined that he had no significant date to offer spart from the fact that while employed by the Beltwin Locanotive Works in Fhiladelphia, Founa, some of the employees of this company indicated that another smployee stated to be pro-Nesi had boasted of having written a letter which appeared in Pegler's column.

The properties of the letter signed a "Tank Worker" appeared during the latter part of November 1942 in a Philadelphia newspaper. I have previously supplied hajor Ceneral Edwin M. Batson for the President's consideration a copy of Pegler's column of November 22, 1942, as it appeared in the Washington Baily News. A review of Pegler's articles for the latter part of Rovember indicated that this was the early column which approximated that which

I have also previously supplied General Mateon with a photostatic copy of an article bearing the caption "Pegler Uses Hitler-Admirer's Assumition to Attack Arms Workers. This article was written by Walter Lowenfels and appeared in the Borker, Sunday edition of the Daily Worker, for Becomber 20, 1942. This article related that "it was not difficult to trace this treacherous pre-Masi letter from Pegler's column to Baldwin's tank Shop". Going on the article identified one Andrew Herena "who had long been suspected of pro-Masiam by the other workers" as the author of the letter.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

## THE WHITE HOUSE '

December 26, 1941

My dear Lise Adams:

Your letter of the 19th and the clipping you enclosed have been received.

I shall be glad to give them to Mrs. Roosevelt at the first apportunity.

Very sincerely yours,

Secretary to Krs. Roosevelt

hiss Josephine Truslow Adams 2125 Cherry Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania THE WHITE HOUSE

Hyde Park, New York August 11, 1941

Dear Liss Adams:

Thank you yery much for sanding me the charming painting. I am delighted
to have it and plan to hang it with another
of your paintings which was given to me by
Esther Late.

Very sincerely yours,

- and finewell

isos a vi

diss Josephine Truslow Adams 506 Penfield Building Juriper and Chestmut Structs Philadelphia VAL-KILL COTTABE WYDE PANK, DUTCHESS COUNTY SEW YORK

December 18, 1954

Dear Wiss Adams: .

Thank you for your letter which I read with much interpet. I shall be delighted to receive a copy of your book and look forward to 4t.

with my every good wish for a loyous holiday season,

Very sincerely yours,

The second

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

July 13, 1944

Derr Wies Adams:

I think you should know that your letters so directly to the President. What then nappens I do not know.

I hope you have a good summer's rest and I am glad to near that you will go back to a college in the autumn.

Sincerely yours,

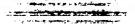
- Thank ! or luch



Miss Jose nine Truslow Adems #1 lburn Her York

431 Reverse Drive

Letter muney book do



### THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

July 3, 1944.

ay dear Liss Adams: .

krs. Roosevelt has asked me to thank you for your letter or June 2.th with its enclosure which she was interested

wery sincerely yours,

Maleres & hompson

Secretary to Mrs. Roosevelt.

liss Josephine .. adams 131 Riverside Drive Them Lork, Les Tork...

HE WHITE HOUSE







Nederal Aurean of Investigation
United States Repartment of Sustice

Washington, D. C.

Jamary 20, 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re:

INTRODUCTION

Further, according to Miss Adems exhibited at the party a typewritten copy of a "two page letter" which she stated was sent to Brs. Roosevelt by the Bureau under date of January 5, 1943, in reply to a letter from Mrs. Roosevelt to the Bureau. Miss Adems indicated that she had received this copy from Mrs. Roosevelt and that at the time the copy was given to her Mrs. Roosevelt made a very uncomplimentary remark regarding you. Biss Adems also stated that Mrs. Roosevelt made uncomplimentary remarks concerning Attorney General Riddle and, in addition, quoted to Miss Adems supposedly uncomplimentary remarks made by the President to Mrs. Roosevelt concerning you the content of which remarks labeled you as a Pascist and "Himler-like."

COPIES DESTROYED wise Adms quoted the last paragraph in the copy which she had in her possession, according to , and from the quotation given by , it is practically identical with the last paragraph of the Bureau's letter to Mrs. Boosevelt dated January 5, 1943.

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### LETTER PRON MRS. MOOSEVELT

By latter dated December 31, 1912, Mrs. Roosevelt forwarded at the suggestion of the President a copy of a subsequent latter relative to this same matter received by Mrs. Roosevelt from Josephine Truslow Adams. In the content of her latter to Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Adams again referred to the latter from "a tank worker" which Pegler caused to be printed in his article

published on November 27, 1942. Miss Adams indicated that this "tank worker" is pro-Nazi and on the basis of affidavits of workers at the Baldwin Locomotive Works (which she did not furnish to Mrs. Roosevelt) this worker had Bund connections. Miss Adams in that same communication to Mrs. Roosevelt stated that she hoped to develop further information concerning this matter. In this connection she wrote "also Sam Darcy is back there and would help if he could since he knows many Baldwin workers." (It is noted that Sam Darcy is Secretary of District #3, COMMUNIST PARTY, USA). Miss Adams herself is, of course, known to have rather definite connections with organisations which have been fronts for the Communist Party, USA.

#### REPLY TO MRS. ROOSEVELT

On January 5, 1943, a memorandum was prepared for you outlining the above data and attaching a letter of reply to Mrs. Roossvelt. This letter set forth the information available in the files of the Bureau regarding the matter and included the interview with Hercha and the investigation conducted with regard to him. Mrs. Roosevelt was also informed of the letter which had previously been forwarded to Major General Watson at the White House.

This letter to Mrs. Roosevelt consisted of three pages. The final sentence of this letter ran over onto the top of the third page, and since it appears to be pertinent in view of the quotation made by Josephine Truslow Adams at the party reported on by it is set out below:

"I hope that the foregoing information will be of assistance to you in considering the substance of Miss Adams' letter which I am returning to you herewith."

### CONCLUSION

According to the report of and as pointed out previously in this memorandum, the quotation by Miss Adams of the last sentence from the copy which she had in her possession appears to be identical with the last sentence of the letter sent to Mrs. Roossvelt on January 5, 1943.

Respectfully.

1-20-43

Attachment